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The North Carolinian.

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THE NORTH [illegible] POWER
JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing [illegible], and promptly executes Wedding Cards, [illegible] Show Business Cards, Ball Cards, Fancy Cards, Posters, Handbills, Programmes, Letterheads, Dodgers, Bill of Fare, Wine Cards, Law Cases and Points, Statements, Pamphlets, Circulars, Books, etc., in the latest and neatest styles and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

A Pretty Widow's Story.

BY W. J. LAMPTON.

The widow was not wearing weeds, neither was she plunged in a gulf of dark despair, nor did she show any signs of those other dreadfully woebegone conditions which are sometimes attributed to the state of widowhood, not only in America and its environs, but pretty generally over the entire earth's surface.

On the contrary she was as bright and vivacious as a summer girl, and she was talking to the major in seventeen languages all at once. At least, it so seemed to him, for he hadn't the slightest opportunity of introducing a word into the conversation sidewise, even much less introducing it, according to the ordinary rules of colloquy.

"Do you know, major," she was saying as fast as she could, and with little gasps for breath between, as women do when their conversational locomotive begins to "run wild," "that I had a perfectly dreadful experience once in my life?"

The major wanted to say that he could not understand how such a charming woman could have any kind of an experience that was not as lovely as she was, but he wasn't quick enough.

"Well, I did," she rattled away, "and, you know, it was during dear George's lifetime, and it was perfectly awful. My, my," this with half a sigh, "you wouldn't think I had been a widow ten years, would you?"

The major was on the point of saying that she seemed to him more like a radiant sunbeam, or something like that, for the major has a flattering tongue; but before he could carry his wish into execution the widow was five lengths ahead.

"Very few people do," she twittered. "Do you think I look very old?" and she canted her head to one side, and looked at the major as a bird looks at a bug it wants for dinner.

The major was about to say that he thought she was a summer girl before some one told him she was a widow, but, as before, he was left at the post.

"But, as I was saying," she continued, "I had this perfectly awful experience. You know that dear George during the last two years of his life, was suffering with some peculiar brain trouble that quite changed him. His hallucination was that he was some other person, and that while I was his wife, I was not the same wife he had known in his sanity. This seemed to be the only peculiarity of his madness, for on all other points he was quite sane enough to deceive even experts. Of course, I had to watch him all the time, for the physician said his disorder might develop at any moment, and he might do something desperate, though it was not probable that it would take such a turn.

"One morning he slipped away from his attendant and escaped to a train that was just leaving the station. The man had grown careless, because George was so rational all the time, but when he lost him he realized that he had been neglectful, and at once came after me to know what to do. I was not at home, and did not come in for two hours, and the man was so silly, or something, that he didn't go to the physician, but just waited for me. When he told me of George's escape I sent for the physician and a private detective, and as soon as possible the detective followed my husband. The physician encouraged me greatly by saying that George was perfectly able to take care of himself, that he had no suicidal tendency, and that he would very probably find him at some of the nearby resorts, as it was summer, and the hotels were all open, if he did not return of his own free will in a few days.

"He had quite a snug sum of money with him, and I felt easy on that score, for he could meet all his expenses, and knew very well how to handle money. Still, I was dreadfully nervous, and excited, and, as I could not sit at home, I used to go out on short trips looking for him. The detective was also out constantly, but he had met with no success in his search, and at the end of two weeks I determined to sound a general alarm, so to speak, and give the story to the newspapers, when, on one of my expeditions, I unexpectedly found him in a remote little town, where there were very few summer visitors. He had been there since his departure from home, and I soon discovered that he was on excellent terms with everybody. He was very glad to see me at first, and took me around to meet his new friends. Of course, it wasn't customary for a lady to call first, but I was thinking about George, and not social usage, and would have done anything he asked me.

"The townspeople were extremely fond of him, and he had been so generous in his charities that he was looked upon as a public benefactor. To have told them that George was a lunatic, however mild, would have resulted in my being thought one, and during the afternoon of my arrival I kept my own counsel and telegraphed at once for the physician and attendant. No train was due until next morning, and all I could do was to wait and keep quiet. There was no trouble with George until just after we had taken our supper at the little hotel where he stopped, and had gone to his room. There is something I said must have indicated to him in some way that I had some design against his liberty, or something, I don't know what, and he began to act queerly and show that he was suspicious of me.

"I had been under such a dreadful strain for so long that I was completely unnerved, and now that I had found him I felt myself relaxing and verging upon hysterics. I tried to control myself and get him to thinking about something else, but suddenly and without any warning, he caught me and began to choke me. Of course, I screamed, and screamed with all my might, and in a minute or two people came rushing to the room, inquiring what was the matter. As they came in George held me struggling in his arms, but he was cooler than any one in the party, and was talking to me like a mother to a fretful or frightened child, and doing all he could to soothe me. But by this time I was so wrought up that I could not keep still, and when George very quietly told them that I was demented, and became extremely violent at times, lasting for months, they believed him and asked what could be done.

"He asked that a physician and a policeman be sent for, and a messenger went flying, and soon came back with them. They held a council over me, and upon George's suggestion that I be put in a safe place for the night, I was taken to the woman's cell in the town prison and locked up in charge of a woman nurse, who had volunteered her services, as she had had experience with lunatics. Wasn't that perfectly awful? I, a sane woman, to be locked up on a charge of lunacy, brought by a lunatic?"

The major was anxious to say that he had never heard of such an outrage perpetrated in a civilized land, but the widow ran over him and went on.

"Well, it was awful, and the more I tried to convince the woman that it was my husband who was crazy, the more she shook her head kindly and told me she knew it, and that I was put in their only to protect me from him. That made me worse, and I would go off into hysterics again, and I never slept a wink all night. When morning came I was more nearly a raving maniac than the real lunatic was, and when George came to see me, his emotions were painful to see, and he cried like a baby over me, the nurse all the time trying to cheer him up by telling him that I had been quiet most of the night, and I would soon recover from the fit.

"He shook his head sadly and went away to return in an hour with the physician. They talked over me as if I could not understand anything they were saying, and on George's earnest recommendation the physician agreed that the best thing to be done was to commit me to an asylum until it was thought safe to release me. There was a private asylum not far away, and it was decided to take me there at once. It was now 9 o'clock, and George's physician and attendant would not reach the town until 10, by which time I would be on my way to the asylum, if not on my way to permanent lunacy, for the strain was then all I could bear. I told the physician to wait, and tried to explain to him the situation, and all he did was to say he understood perfectly, and that we were only going for a drive into the country to visit some of George's friends who were anxious to entertain us for a few days. All this time the nurse was getting me ready for my trip, and I was doing all I could to gain a delay of an hour until the train should come, and I prayed that it would not be late.

"Despite all efforts to the contrary, the nurse reported me ready for the carriage which was in waiting at the prison door, and they picked me up and carried me out to it. There was quite a crowd around the place all curious, of course, and it had a good effect upon me, for instead of creating any disturbance, I submitted quietly in order not to make a scene. The physician, George and the nurse got into the carriage after me and we started away for the horrid asylum. I composed myself for whatever might come now, and sat silent, gazing out of the carriage window, when, as we turned into the open space at the railroad station, which we had to pass, I saw my own physician and George's attendant. In a second I had smashed the carriage window, and thrusting out my head screamed for help, calling the doctor by name. They were only the width of a street away, and as the driver of the carriage did not know anything about what was going on, he stopped to see what was wrong and the next minute I was out of the carriage and had fainted in the physician's arms."

The major was about to remark that the one regret of his life was that he was not that physician, but the widow had her mind and her tongue on her story, and once more flew away from the major.

"Of course, explanations were in order, and it was not long before the true state of the case was made known, greatly to the astonishment of everybody except George. He took it as a matter of course, and laughed over it as a great joke, without apparently understanding what he had done, and he went back to town with us as submissively as could be, never losing his temper in the slightest degree. Within a couple of months after that he grew rapidly worse, and death soon brought him a blessed relief." Here the widow hesitated and sighed. "And I may say a blessed relief to me as well, for I would have lost my mind, I am sure."

At this point the widow stopped long enough to give the major an opportunity to make a few remarks, which he did advisedly, seeing that the major, on general principles, regards widows pretty much as did the father of the late Sam Weller.—Washington Star.

"Tar and Feathers" Not American.

"There is a general impression in this country at least, that the institution known as 'tar and feathers' is distinctively American. Nothing could be further from the mark," observed Judge Riley of the Virginia bar. "The fact is, what we understand to be a coating of tar and feathers is of ancient origin. There is also an idea afloat that tar and feathers is a sort of southern celebration, that it was invented there, and that it is of common occurrence in that section of our loved country. I assure you that both these ideas are wrong all the way through. In the first place, while there is plenty of tar in the South, the stock of feathers is not so large. And again they are too valuable to use in such a way.

"Where a person deserves such a treatment it is much easier and better to give him a thorough cowhiding. A cowhiding sticks as well as a coating of tar, if it is well applied. Tar and feathers originated in the days of Richard Coeur-de Lion, over eight hundred years ago, as is evidenced by one of his ordinances for seamen, as follows: 'That if any man is taken with theft or pickery, and thereof convicted, he shall have his head polled, and hot pitch poured upon his pate, and upon that the feathers of some pillow or cushion shaken aloft that he may thereby be known for a thief.'"—Washington Star.

Salt Makes Coal Last Longer.

"It may sound like nonsense, but it is true all the same," said a coal dealer, "that coal over which has been sprinkled a strong solution of salt, will last much longer than it otherwise will—what will be saved in coal will more than doubly pay for the salt and trouble. Some of my customers tell me they use a pound of salt in each two quarts of water. Hot water dissolves the salt more readily than cold, though either would do. The salt in some way adds a lasting ingredient to the coal. Salt was the main constituent of the various coalines so extensively advertised a few years ago, and by which so much money was made. Any one can try the experiment in a small way. First see how long one scuttle full of coal will last. Next try the same amount of coal, over which the solution of salt has been sprinkled."—Washington Star.

An Innovation at Weddings.

An innovation at a local wedding, in the attendance upon the bride of a "best woman," as bridegrooms have been accustomed to have a "best man," sets a new precedent for the world of society. There is no apparent reason why the custom should not become popular, unless society decrees against it, the decree of society being more absolute than that of a monarch.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Remarkable Jehu.

The most remarkable Jehu in Paris has just died. He was six feet six inches in height, and was of herculean strength. It is said that "he could easily lift his cab from the ground with one arm." The cause of his death was his heavy drinking. Over sixteen quarts of wine was his daily average.

The Ballade of Brave Men.

A song for the men so true,
The sailors of sunken ships,
The sport of the winds that blew,
Devoured by the waves' white lips,
There, where the seagull dips,
There 'neath the sky so blue,
There, where the schoolboy strips—
Brave men, there is rest for you.

A song for the shipwrecked crew,
The men of the docks and slips,
Propelled by a sail or screw,
You made many perilous trips;
With the canvas torn to strips,
Before the gale you flew;
No more the wild wind whips—
Brave men, there is rest for you.

A song for the men too few—
For nature so few equips—
Who drink that awful brew
That only a brave man sips,
The stanchest of ships are chips;
No power can the sea subdue.
No longer the cold spray drips—
Brave men, there is rest for you.

—William S. Lord.

HUMOROUS.

He—Well, your sister is married. Now it's your turn. She—Oh, George! ask papa.

Tourist—Are we near the falls? Guide—Yes, sir. As soon as the ladies stop talking you can hear the roar.

"Is your picture in the academy a success?" "That's what I am wondering. Some one said it was worth the price of admission."

He—Jones is all right, I suppose, but he and I do not like each other a bit. She—Well, that is much to the credit of both of you.

Amateur Humorist—That's a pretty good joke of mine; don't you think so? Experienced Editor—Well, it is just as funny now as it ever was.

Robert—When I get into my new house I mean that everything shall go like clockwork. Richard—I see the same as heretofore; tick, tick.

The English language must be tough.
At least that's what I've reckoned
For it is still alive today
Though murdered every second.

"Why do you hate soap so?" the inquisitive lady. "I don't," said Mr. Dismal Dawson. "I simply ignore it. We don't move in the same set; that's all."

"You don't mean to say you became engaged to him after but five hours acquaintance?" "Certainly. How much time would you have me devote to one engagement."

Bobby—Is oxygen what the oxen breathe all day? Papa—Of course, and what everything else breathes. Bobby—And is nitrogen what every one breathes at night?

"Those Eskimos up in Alaska have good, sound common sense." "How so?" "Why, when they fall in love with a girl they announce it by sending her a sealskin sacque."

Sister—There, you have candy all over your new suit! What will mamma say? Little Brother—Well, mamma won't let me have any fun in these clothes till I get 'em spoiled.

This world is but a fleeting show,
And few are they, alas!
Who can rake up a poll that's strong
Enough for a free pass.

Brown—I wonder who originated the idea that it is unlucky to begin anything on Friday? Robinson—Probably it was some lazy individual who preferred to wait until Saturday.

Toughmug—Chimmie, wot has became of Dippy Pete lately! Chimmie de sport—Well, you see, he got to doin' everybody he could, and now—Toughmug—Well? Chimmie, de sport—He's doin' time!

"What I want," said the lawyer, "is to prove that my client is mentally deficient." "Certainly," replied the expert. "There won't be the least trouble in showing that, so long as he has employed you as his lawyer."

Prof. (lecturing)—Oxygen, gentlemen, is essential to all animal existence; there could be no life without it. Strange to say, it was not discovered until a century ago when— Student—What did they do before it was discovered, professor?

"May I write you a poem on the beautiful snow?" asked the poet timidly. "Yes," thundered the editor, "go out, squat down in the snow and write. In the meantime, I'll sit here and pray that as fast as you write the sun will thaw it out."

Cemeteries of Elephants.

The ivory trade with Africa is conducted on a scale of far greater dimensions than most people have any idea of. Last year nearly 700 tons were imported into London alone, says Pearson's Weekly.

This would mean that in the ordinary way the elephants would soon become killed off, were not the largest part of the importation taken from the stores which have been laid up by nature, as if in anticipation of the requirements of modern people.

These stores are practically the cemeteries of the elephant world for centuries and centuries, and the ivory is fetched from them by the natives, and sold to the traders, to be by them exported with comparatively little trouble, and without incurring any risk to to their lives.

An immigration restriction bill is being considered by the powers that be of the Transvaal. The bill also provides that all strangers must carry passports.

TAXES AND REVENUE.

PROTECTIVE TARIFF SYSTEM A MOST WONDERFUL INVENTION.

Builds Up New Enterprises and Provides Work for Wage-Earners—Increases Prosperity Among All the People—Never Know How We Are Taxed.

"We cannot have revenue unless we have taxes," said Washington in his farewell address. This does not need the stamp of Washington's approval to make it pass current. It is self evident. We must have taxes—taxes raised somehow, paid by some one. We might have a direct tax and collect from every adult citizen or every citizen entitled to vote a specific sum. What a popular tax that would be! We wonder it has not been suggested by our free trade friends. It is quite in accordance with their theories. Even the income tax would have to take a back seat. We might raise taxes in a dozen different ways, but it is perfectly obvious that the best form of taxation is that which will be least felt by the people. Let us suppose for a moment that the protective tariff is a tax and look at it entirely from that point of view. Has any method of taxation ever been discovered, or invented, which bears so lightly on the people? Why, one of the worst things about the protective tariff, according to our free trade friends, is that the people don't know how they are taxed by it. Could they say more in its favor as a system of taxation? Could any system of taxation bear more lightly than that?

But it is no wonder that the protective tariff rests so lightly on the American people for it is paid in most cases by the foreign producers and not by the American producers. Who can doubt that this is so, in view of the fact that the price of every kind of product has dropped under a protective tariff? Take steel rails for instance, or tin plate. In the last twenty-five years steel rails have dropped from more than $70 a ton to $22 or less per ton; and the drop in the price of tin plate during the same time has been proportionately as great. These are only samples. They illustrate only what has taken place in a greater or less degree in every industry. It would be as hard as hunting for a needle in a haystack to find any product whose price has been raised by the protective tariff. There is no doubt about it—the protective tariff system is the most wonderful ever devised by the mind of man. Not only does it supply revenue sufficient to meet the tremendous expenses of carrying on this great Government without laying any burden of taxation on the people, but, besides all that, it creates and builds up new industries; it establishes new enterprises; it provides work for millions of American wage earners and it brings prosperity to the whole American people.

The Free Trade Lion Wanted to Lie Down With the Protected Sheep.

How he did it.

The Wool Growers Won It.

Had it not been for the believers in and voters for a protective tariff, and especially the wool growers, the States of Ohio, Indiana, North Dakota, Oregon and California would have gone for Bryan, and McKinley would have been defeated. The practical question for Congress to consider is whether the majority of the voters shall have their wishes acceded to, or whether they shall again be disappointed. I venture to predict that if the incoming Administration does not give this country a protective policy and its full requirements, they will be beaten in the next Presidential election. If they give the country what it has asked for, their lease of life may last as long as does their good behavior.—P. H. Felker, of St. Louis.

Utah Is Wealthy.

The valuation of Utah for taxation purposes is $106,743,082.

A Big Pill.

But he must swallow it.

Cobden Lacked Foresight.

Cobden said in 1844 that one had no right to doubt that in ten years after the adoption of free trade by England "every country in the civilized world would be free trade to the backbone." Let us see. Didn't we have an election a few weeks ago? We have an idea that such was the case and that the man known to all the world as "the Apostle of Protection" was elected to the Presidency of the United States. And, by the way, while we think of it, the new prime minister of France is the great Protectionist leader of that country, and even more significant, the prime minister of England itself, the home of Cobden, is a Protectionist and an ardent advocate for the return of England to the Protective system. Cobden was evidently as far off the truth in his prophecies as in his theories of economics. And his descendants in this country are just as big blunderers.

McKinley as a Magician.

One of our leading reviews, a nonpartisan publication, says: "The effect of the election was magical in its restoration of commercial confidence. Buying and selling were immediately resumed and the demand for goods of all kinds led to the opening of hundreds of factories which had been shut down for a considerable time." "Magical" is a very fitting word, and if these were the old days of superstition McKinley might, perhaps, be worshiped as a great magician. But the prosperity which has resulted from the election of Major McKinley is the sort of magic that is based on good, sound, logical reasons. Before election we called the President-elect the "advance agent of prosperity." Results have only made his right to the title more strong, and this is but the beginning.

Cleveland and the Trusts.

"Though Congress has attempted to deal with this matter (the suppression of trusts) by legislation, the laws passed for that purpose thus far have proved ineffective, not because of any lack of disposition or attempt to enforce them, but simply because the laws themselves as interpreted by the courts do not reach the difficulty."—President Cleveland's Message.

And it took the Democratic President just three years and nine months to ascertain that these laws "have proved ineffectual." Only upon the expiration of his term of office does he discover the fact. And, during these three years and nine months of his incumbency, Chicago gas and sugar stocks fluctuated serenely for the benefit of those who happened to be "on the inside."

French Cotton Industry.

The war of 1870, by depriving France of the trade of Mulhouse, had a very considerable effect upon the condition of the cotton industry. Until 1878 the consumption of foreign piece goods in France exceeded the exports of the French goods. French spinning mills worked up only 80,000 tons of raw material instead of 100,000 tons.

But new mills were established, the imports of raw cotton increased, and the industry sought new outlets in foreign countries. In this it was successful for, in 1882, the year that new commercial treaties were put in force, the export amounted in value to nearly 100 millions of francs, exceeding the imports of similar goods by twenty-four millions. This vigorous effort had even other results.

Although the average of the duties had not been raised, French piece goods, during the prosperous period 1880-1873, had gained sufficient force to compete directly with importations from foreign countries, and from 1885 the value of foreign tissues placed on French markets gradually decreased, while French goods were gaining new customers elsewhere. In 1880 the value of foreign imports was reduced almost one half—i. e., forty-one millions instead of seventy-five millions in 1884—while exports of French goods approached 118 millions.

ARBITRATION IS ASSURED

General Treaty Between the United States and Great Britain Signed.

MESSAGE OF THE PRESIDENT.

Two Copies of the Treaty Signed by the British Minister and Secretary Olney---The American Copy Sent to the President and by Him Sent to the Senate for Ratification---It is for Five Years.

WASHINGTON, D. C. — (Special) — Secretary of State Olney, in behalf of the United States, and Sir Julian Pauncefote, on the part of Great Britain, on Monday affixed their signatures to the new treaty by which for a term of five years the two English-speaking Nations agree to abide in peace and without resort to arms, all possible questions of controversy being referred to a court of arbitration, with the single exception that neither Nation surrenders its honor or dignity to the judgment of arbitration. Later in the day President Cleveland sent the treaty and a message earnestly approving it to the Senate.

Although the text of the treaty is still an official secret, enough has been divulged from time to time about its main provisions to make the conditions of the compact practically public property. It may be said that the treaty lays down these general terms of arbitration:

First—A limit of five years from the date of the exchange of ratifications within which the treaty shall be operative.

Second—A Court of Arbitration of six members, three to be drawn from the Judiciary of Great Britain.

Third—The submission to this Tribunal of all differences between the two Nations now pending or to arise within the period of five years, this not to include the Bering Sea question or the Venezuelan question, now before independent commissions, but to include the question of the boundary between Alaska and British North America.

King Oscar of Sweden has been selected and will be named in the general arbitration treaty as the final arbiter in case of a tie vote by the Arbitration Tribunal on any matter. He either will sit and hear the matter of dispute himself, or will name a deputy, who will act as the final arbiter. Thus for five years the Swedish King will be the final umpire of all disputes between the two great English-speaking Nations. He will act also in the Venezuelan dispute, and in this dual capacity will come prominently before the world as the foremost representative of the settlement of international disputes by peace instead of by force of arms.

The treaty was delivered to the Senate at 3 o'clock. Afterward, in executive session, it was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations, and without being read was ordered to be printed.

Senator Morgan suggested that the treaty should be made public, but Senator Sherman, as Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, replied that it should be examined by the committee to which it had been referred before being published. This suggestion was accepted, with the understanding that the committee should have the privilege of making the treaty known.

The President sent the following message to the Senate, transmitting the Anglo-American general arbitration treaty:

"To the Senate:

"I transmit herewith a treaty for the arbitration of all matters in difference between the United States and Great Britain.

"The provisions of the treaty are the result of long and patient deliberation, and represent concessions made by each party for the sake of agreement upon the general scheme.

"Though the result reached may not meet the views of the advocates of immediate, unlimited and irrevocable arbitration of all international controversies, it is, nevertheless, confidently believed that the treaty cannot fail to be every where recognized as making a long step in the right direction, and as embodying a practical working plan by which disputes between the two countries will reach a peaceful adjustment as a matter of course and in ordinary routine. In the institution of such an important movement it must be expected that some of its features will assume a tentative character looking to a further advance, and yet it is apparent that the treaty which has been formulated not only makes a war between the parties to it a remote possibility, but precludes those fears and rumors of war which of themselves too often assume the proportions of a National disaster.

"It is eminently fitting as well as fortunate that the attempt to accomplish results, so beneficial should be initiated by kindred peoples, speaking the same tongue and joined together by all the ties of common traditions, common institutions and common aspirations. The experiment of substituting civilized methods for brute force as the means of settling international questions of right will thus be tried under the happiest auspices. Its success ought not to be doubtful, and the fact that its ultimate ensuing benefits are not likely to be limited to the two countries immediately concerned should cause it to be promoted all the more eagerly. The example set and the lesson furnished by the successful operation of this treaty are sure to be felt and taken to heart sooner or later by other Nations, and will thus mark the beginning of a new epoch in civilization.

"Profoundly impressed as I am, therefore, by the promise of transcendent good which this treaty affords, I do not hesitate to accompany its transmission with an expression of my earnest hope that it may commend itself to the favorable consideration of the Senate. GROVER CLEVELAND.

"Executive Mansion, January 11, 1897."

HOME RULE IN CUBA.

A Report That Canovas Will Accept Olney's Plan.

A cablegram from Madrid says: Spain has at last concluded that all her efforts to suppress, or even to make any impression upon, the Cuban insurrection are futile and useless.

Appreciating this fact, which has been patent to all other Nations for nearly six months, Prime Minister Canovas del Castillo has definitely accepted Secretary of State Olney's proffer of American intervention, as well as the terms which President Cleveland and Mr. Olney prescribe as the price for their interference and the use of their prerogatives in attempting to bring about a state of peace in the island of Cuba.

Rebels Executed.

A despatch from Manila, Philippine Islands, says that Roxas and twelve other rebels have been executed by the Spanish.

Six Years' Term for President.

Senator Redfield Proctor, of Vermont, addressed the Senate at Washington on his bill to extend the term of President to six years, with ineligibility for re-election, and to extend the term of Representatives to three years.

Governor Leedy Sworn In.

The new Populist State officers of Kansas were inaugurated at Topeka with elaborate ceremonies. Ex-Governor Osborne presided and Chief Justice David Martin administered the oath of office. Governor John W. Leedy's inaugural address was brief.

Stephens Succeeds Stone in Missouri.

Chief Justice Barclay of the Supreme Court administered the oath of office to Laurence Vest Stephens as Governor of Missouri in the hall of the House of Representatives, in Jefferson City. The exercises were attended by the various State officers, members of the Supreme Court and prominent Democratic politicians throughout the State.

Fitzhugh Lee's Denial.

A cable despatch from Havana, Cuba, gives United States Consul-General Lee's absolute denial that he sent a message to Mr. Olney by Senator-elect Money stating that Spain could not suppress the insurrection.

FAIRBANKS FOR SENATOR.

Named by the Indiana Republican Caucus After a Bolt and a Reconciliation.

The Indiana Republican Senatorial caucus was held at Indianapolis and after an exciting session C. W. Fairbanks, who was Temporary Chairman of the last Republican National Convention, was nominated for United States Senator.

A bolt from the caucus was held by Senator Duncan, followed by fifteen others. They went to the Senate Chamber and held a caucus. The main caucus immediately rescinded the resolution and sent committees to the recalcitrant members, but they stayed out fully an hour.

C. W. FAIRBANKS.

(Nominated for Senator by Indiana Republicans.)

Finally they all marched back, and after some oratory a ballot was taken, resulting in the nomination of Mr. Fairbanks by a vote of 60 to 25 for the other three, divided as follows: McKeen, 11; Wallace, 6; Taylor, 4; Frank B. Posey, 3; General Harrison, 1; Judge J. H. Baker, 1.

Fairbanks is forty-four years old. He is a successful railway solicitor, and a lawyer, and estimated to be worth $2,500,000.

M. BRISSON RE-ELECTED.

His Third Term as President of the French Chamber of Deputies.

M. Henri Brisson has been re-elected President of the French Chamber of Deputies, receiving 295 votes.

This is the third time M. Brisson has been elected President of the French Chamber. In 1881 he succeeded M. Gambetta in the office and retained it until 1885, when, on the overthrow of the Ferry Ministry, he accepted the Premiership. In 1890 he was again elected to the post, polling 341 votes against 213 recorded for his opponent. In 1895 he was an important candidate for the French Presidency.

HENRI BRISSON.

ELECTORAL COLLEGES MEET.

Formal Balloting at the Various Capitals to Ratify November's Decision.

The Presidential Electors chosen in November met Monday in their respective States and voted for President and Vice-President, McKinley and Hobart, of course, being chosen by a majority of Electors. McKinley received 271 votes and Bryan 176. Each college named a messenger to carry the return of its vote to the President of the Senate at Washington.

A resolution, indorsing Thomas C. Platt for Senator was suppressed in the Electoral College at Albany, N. Y.

At Frankfort the Kentucky Presidential electors settled the tie vote of J. S. E. Wedding and H. S. Howe by electing Wedding the McKinley elector. The ballot for President and Vice-President resulted: McKinley and Hobart, 12; Bryan and Sewall, 1.

At Lincoln the eight Presidential electors of Nebraska cast their votes for the Presidential and Vice-Presidential candidates. The result was: For President, Bryan, 8; Vice-President, Sewall, 4; Watson, 4.

FOR MONETARY REFORM.

Big Gathering of Representative Business Men at Indianapolis.

The National Monetary Conference, called at the instance of the Indianapolis Board of Trade, and composed of representatives of similar organizations from all parts of the country, assembled at Tomlinson Hall, Indianapolis.

The temporary organization was announced as follows: Temporary Chairman, ex-Governor E. O. Stannard, of Missouri; Secretary, J. H. Smith; Sergeant-at-Arms, W. F. C. Goit.

Governor Stannard's recommendations that the greenbacks should be retired, that National banks should be permitted to issue notes up to the par value of bonds deposited to secure their payment, and that paper notes of less than $5 or $10 should be prohibited in the interest of a more general use of silver, met the general approval of the delegates.

C. Stuart Patterson, of Philadelphia, was chosen Permanent Chairman of the convention.

Senator Platt Renominated.

The Republican caucus of Senators and Representatives for the nomination of a United States Senator from Connecticut for six years from March 4, 1897, was held in the hall of Representatives at Hartford. The Hon. Orville H. Platt, of Meriden, was nominated to succeed himself. Mr. Platt's nomination was made unanimous by acclamation.

Gold Withdrawals Decrease.

The December Treasury report shows a material decrease in the amount of legal tender notes presented for redemption in gold.

New Jersey Legislature Meets.

The New Jersey Legislature met in Trenton for the 121st session. Governor Griggs's message was read and the organizations of the Senate were announced by the President of that body.

Massacre of British Invaders.

A British expedition which started for Benin about January 1 has been massacred by subjects of the King of Benin. Every member of the party was killed.

Out of the Common Run.

North Dakota has $7 a head.

The United States have 5000 distilleries.

REGULATOR

The Cheapest, Purest and Best Family Medicine in the World!

For DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Biliousattacks, SICK HEADACHE, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SOUR STOMACH, Heartburn, etc. This unrivalled remedy is warranted not to contain a single particle of MERCURY, or any mineral substance, but is

PURELY VEGETABLE,

containing those Southern Roots and Herbs which an all-wise Providence has placed in countries where Liver Diseases most prevail. It will cure all Diseases caused by Derangement of the Liver and Bowels.

The SYMPTOMS of Liver Complaint are a bitter or bad taste in the mouth; Pain in the Back, Sides or Joints, often mistaken for Rheumatism; Sour Stomach; Loss of Appetite; Bowels alternately costive and lax; Headache; Loss of Memory, with a painful sensation of having failed to do something which ought to have been done; Debility; Low Spirits, a thick yellow appearance of the Skin and Eyes, a dry Cough often mistaken for Consumption.

Sometimes many of these symptoms attend the disease, at others very few; but the LIVER is generally the seat of the disease, and if not Regulated in time, great suffering, wretchedness and DEATH will ensue.

The following highly esteemed persons attest to the virtues of Simmons Liver Regulator: Gen. W. S. Holt, Pres. Ga. S. W. R. R. Co.; Rev. J. R. Felder, Perry, Ga.; Col. E. K. Sparks, Albany, Ga.; C. Masterson, Esq., Sheriff Dith Co., Ga.; Hon. Alexander H. Stephens.

"We have tested its virtues, personally, and know that for Dyspepsia, Biliousness and Throbbing Headache it is the best medicine the world ever saw. We tried forty other remedies before Simmons Liver Regulator, but none gave us more than temporary relief; but the Regulator not only relieved, but cured us."—ED. TELEGRAPH AND MESSENGER, Macon, Ga.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Aug. 17, 1896.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays), leave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and at 6:40 P. M. Northbound, daily, except Sundays leave Elizabeth City at 2:40 P. M., and 10:00 P. M. The trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashie, Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven, connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:20 P. M., for Newbern, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. S. & N. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C., etc. Returning, leave Newbern Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Roanoke Island and Ocracoke going and returning.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Ocracoke, Newberne, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morchead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station; Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line.

For further information apply to M. H. Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

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FRED DAVIS
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Coal of all sizes and of best quality constantly on hand. All orders promptly are filled.
☞All coal is screened before leaving the yard. Lowest prices guaranteed.

FRED. H. ZIEGLER,
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Dealer in all Kinds of
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From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.
CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS
when desired. The finest Hearse in the section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street. All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

T. P. WHITE,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER-
2nd door North of Poindexter Street Bridge.
☞Patching and mending RubberBoots a specialty.

GROVES

TASTELESS
CHILL TONIC
IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS.
WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.
GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.
Paris Medicine Co., St Louis Mo.
Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly,
ASPUE, CARR & CO.

Ripans Tabules cure dizziness.
Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia.
Ripans Tabules: one gives relief.
Ripans Tabules cure constipation.
Ripans Tabules cure torpid liver.
Ripans Tabules: pleasant laxative.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Wednesday

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF BOTH THE CITY AND THE COUNTY.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

GOVERNOR RUSSELL'S INAUGURAL.

For the first time in twenty years North Carolina has a Republican Governor. He is a man of brains, of force, of ability. He was inaugurated on the 12th inst. His address, a synopsis of which appears in another column, was one the ablest and best ever delivered at the State Capitol. It not only fully satisfied Republicans but the Populists were well pleased and fair-minded Democrats commended it.

The CAROLINIAN confidently predicts that Governor Russell's Administration will prove to be a successful one—that he will satisfy the people that no mistake was made in placing him in the Gubernatorial chair. He is a true North Carolinian. He is proud of and loves his State. He will see to it that her interests are looked after and carefully guarded.

GOOD GROUNDS FOR HOPE.

Of course it was idle to expect that business would immediately recover all it had lost in four Democratic years. It was idle to suppose that the recovery would be anywhere near complete while the same laws continue in force and are administered by the same officials, in respect to the admission of foreign goods bearing ad valorem rates, often most unfavorably to American interests.

Those who have pretended to expect all the fruits of a Republican Administration and policy before that policy had gone into operation or that administration had begun, have taken pains to advertise their own want of sincerity or want of sense. But the starting of a large number of long idle manufacturing works and the beginning of new ones are evidences that the prospect of Republican Government is regarded by solid men as sound reason for expecting better times. They have good grounds for it.

A reunion of the Republican party and veterans of 1856 will be held at Pittsburg, Pa., to-day, under the auspices of the National Fremont Association Having been one of the Fremont Republicans, taking an active part in organizing the party in the Keystone State, we regret that it is impossible for us to attend the reunion.

The Government certainly needs more revenue and the country needs more protection. Both of these things were voted for by the people when McKinley was elected, and they will both be provided as soon as possible after the beginning of the new Administration.

It is difficult to make intelligent farmers believe that they do not need more protection against foreign competition when the official reports tell them that large quantities of agricultural products are being imported under the present tariff law.

Senator Stewart, after sinking $20,000 in a free silver paper, has asked a receiver be named for it. It took only six months to demonstrate to the Senator's entire satisfaction that a free silver paper is not a gold mine.

Ex-Queen Liliuokalani has paid a visit to Niagara, and while she admits that the Falls are great, she still holds that they don't compare with the one that happened in Hawaii when the props were drawn from beneath the monarchy.

This country exported $3,000,000 worth of Bicycles last year, and will probably do still better this year. The Old World has cranks enough of her own, but she must come to America for her wheels.

It is said that when a Bank breaks Bryan gets up and bows, but when the announcement is made that depositors will be paid in full he collapses with disappointment.

When the Republican party pledg'd itself to do all it could for the promotion of international bimetalism it meant what it said, and will not miss an opportunity in that respect.

The strength of the three parties in the Legislature is officially reported to be, as shown by the caucuses: Republicans, 71; Populists, 59; Democrats, 40.

Every State that voted for Lincoln in 1860 voted for McKinley in 1896, and every State that voted for Jefferson Davis in 1861 voted for Bryan in 1896.

The Republican party has not promised to bring prosperity to those who do business according to reckless and dishonest methods.

Senator John Sherman will go into President McKinley's Cabinet as Secretary of State.

WHAT IS WANTED.

In one of his short but forceful verandah speeches during the campaign, William McKinley said:

What we want in this country is a policy that will give to every American workingman full work at American wages; a policy that will put money enough into the Treasury of the United States to run the Government.

If President Cleveland and his followers would meditate they will know a little more about the meaning of the results of the late election than they seem to appreciate now. The American people were sick of the policy of Free Trade, which gives work to foreigners while American workmen sit in idleness. They were sick of seeing wages in America approach nearer and nearer to the foreign standard. They were sick of seeing the National credit so weakened that it had to be "upheld." They were utterly sick of the entire anti-American policy of Free Trade. That is the message that they sent to Dictator Cleveland and Boy Orator Bryan on November third, and if they cannot understand it they must be more stupid than they have credit for.

Mary E. Wilkins is engaged in writing a series of striking sketches of New England neighborhood life for "The Ladies Home Journal," of Philadelphia. They will portray a small community's social indulgences, sketching the old-fashioned quilting party, the time-worn singing school and an apple-paring bee.

Business is improving already, but it will improve much more rapidly with the disappearance of a free trade, bond-selling Administration.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Jan. 15, 1897.

At this week's meeting of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations nothing was said about Senator Cameron's Cuban resolution, and that gentleman is still out of town. Senator Mills made a speech on his Cuban resolution and Senator Bacon also advocated its adoption in a set speech, but neither attracted more than a passing attention either in or out of Congress, which is good evidence that the Cuban excitement has all died out, not from lack of interest, but because of the belief that nothing will be done at this session.

The most dramatic episode of the session was the reply to an attack made by Representative Maguire, of California, in a leave-to-print" speech in the Congressional Record, on Representative Johnson, of the same State. It was all in connection with the Pacific Railroad funding bill, which to the surprise of many was so badly defeated by the House. In a speech favoring that bill Mr. Johnson made a very bitter personal attack upon W. R. Hearst, accusing him of unprintable things in unprintable language. Representative Cooper, of Wisconsin, at the time accused Mr. Johnson of cowardice for attacking a man who was not present, and Mr. Maguire seconded the accusation in his printed speech and added slurs about Mr. Johnson's having a criminal record at his old Syracuse (N. Y.) home. When Mr. Johnson arose in the House to reply to Maguire it was easy to see that he was excited terribly. He began by saying: "It is just as well for me to face this matter now as later, and meet the cowardly insinuations made against me at the dictation of William R. Hearst. It is true that thirty years ago I was in trouble in New York; that I was indicted; that I went to California to rear a new home and live down the past, but it is untrue that I went under an assumed name." Nothing could have been more pathetic than the story of his struggles to regain a good name told in a voice shaking with emotion, but there was a ring or triumph in his voice when he told of the victory won and how "by the blessings of God and the help of my good wife I was at last able to pay back every dollar I owed," and the House gave him a spontaneous round of applause. Of his charges against Hearst he said: "Every charge I made is capable of proof. I do not shelter myself behind my constitutional privileges. Everything I say as a member of Congress I am responsible for as a citizen, personally and financially." Of the charge of cowardice against him he said: "If either the gentleman from Wisconsin (Cooper) or the gentleman from California (Maguire) thinks I am cowardly, let either repeat to me outside this chamber what he he has said inside, and his curiosity will be appeased." The House showed where its sympathy was by ordering Maguire's speech stricken from the Record and by refusing to strike out Johnson's speech.

If the Senate fails to ratify the treaty providing for arbitrating all disputes between this country and England at this session, it will be more because the Senate desires to rebuke Olny than because of actual opposition to the treaty. The treaty is in no danger of failing, and the mysterious Russian and German influences said to be intriguing against it are merely figments of the strong imagination upon which was imposed the task of making a sensation where there wasn't the slightest foundation upon which to build a sensation. The people of this country want this treaty, and there is little doubt that they will get it, substantially as it went to the Senate, but the Senate may not ratify it until President McKinley's administration comes in. If the Senate fails to act ugon it at this session, the new administration may desire to make some minor changes in the treaty before it is ratified.

There are two reasonable things which everybody should do: take good care of one's health; and if lost, regain it quickly, and to this everybody will agree. And there are a great multitude of people who are agreed that for both purposes Simmons Liver Regulator is the best helper. "I am troubled with torpid liver and nothing gives relief so quick like Simmons Liver Regulator."—R. R. R. Strange, Lake City, Fla.

Governor Russell's Inaugural Address.

Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives:

There is retribution in history. The restoration of the people of North Carolina to their constitutional rights of a free and honest ballot and of popular government should give courage and hope to the disfranchised men of the non suffrage States. So long as civilization and christianity endure there is always reasonable hope for the ultimate subjugation of error enthroned; for the redemption of the weak and oppressed; for the overthrow of apparently invincible wrong. If they but wait the hour, there is no human power which can evade the patient watch, the vigil long of the brave who seek to assail the entrenched battlements of prevailing privilege and lawless power. Through long and weary years free born Americans have suffered and endured for the sake of their convictions, civil and political, disabilities that were none the less remorseless and cruel because they were not expressed in written law. Men whose careers and characters should elevate their communities have been under the ban of political persecution and denied their constitutional rights while dwelling by the firesides and graves of their fathers. To-day we give thanks to the God of Nature and of Nations and to his providence which shapes our ends, for the glorious fact that North Carolina has declared for freedom of thought, of speech and of action; for toleration and respect for the opinions of all and for liberty, regulated by just and equal laws.

There are many matters of domestic concern which demand your thoughtful attention, such as the increase of the tax rate for the common schools and improvement of their management; the establishment of reformatories for youthful criminals; the adoption of a system of vagrant laws which, without cruelty or injustice, shall authorize the arrest and commitment of the homeless young and of the vagabonds and yagrants of the streets and highways; the adoption of a system of apprenticeship by which the neglected young may be taken from degradation and subjected to useful and elevating control; the protection of lawful public meetings against disturbance; the investigation of the conduc of judges charged with drunkenness on the bench; the extention of the criminal court districts, so as to embrace more counties and the establishment of an additional criminal district and the rotation of these judges, and the adoption of measures calculated to attract immigration of desirable persons into the State.

The Governor then proceeds to refer eloquently to the rights of the people having been restored to them through the revision of the election laws of 1895; he takes an advanced step in educational matters, advocating additional taxation for public schools; suggests some changes in the judiciary; advises retrenchment in State expenditures; insists that lynchings must be stopped; that railroad competition and immigration be encouraged; that the University be sustained, and takes strong grounds against the leasing of the North Carolina Railroad, reccommending the abrogation of the lease. He closes as follows:

North Carolina has broken the solid South; has come back to the Union in fact as well as in form. We are proud of the great Republic and love its flag. We are thankful for the decree of the American people that from our National capital ambassadors to apologize for our domestic policies to foreign monarchs and emissaries to other lands with orders to pull down our flag shall go no more. With our Federal Constitution amended so that such territory as we may hereafter acquire shall be excluded from Statehood, except by the general consensus of the States, why should we not extend our National domain wherever on this hemisphere the invitation may be? Why seek to check our advance to that world power which is our destiny? Westward the Star of Empire has taken its way; from Persia to Greece; from Greece to Italy; from Italy to Spain; from Spain to England. Its resting place is here between the Lakes and the Gulf and the shores of the two great Oceans—the gem of the North temperate zone, the land that by its fertility and climate is best in all the world for the development of the highest human qualities, for the fruition of man's noblest aspirations. With the expiring century looking back upon the errors and glories of the past, let us realize that:

"We are living, we are dwelling,
In a grand and and awful time;
In an age on ages telling
To be living is sublime.

A reporter states that at the conclusion of the Governor's address, there was an enthusiastic demonstration, in which shouts and hand-clapping swelled into a glad acclaim at the consumation of the hopes of the many thousand North Carolina Republicans through years of waiting. Legislators rose to their feet and waved hats, canes and handkerchiefs in the air, while the ladies in the gallery took an enthusiastic part in the demonstration.

The Governor was immediately surrounded by a throng of admirers, eager to take him by the hand and congratulate him upon his induction into office as the Chief Magistrate of the State and upon his masterly address.

Two Lives Saved

Mrs Phoebe Thomas of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thomas Eggers, 139 Florida street, San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at Alex. Wadsworth's Store.

CASTORIA.
It is for Infants and Children. Is an every mother's
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. wrapper

SENSIBLE AND POINTED.

James H. Young, editor of the *Raleigh Gazette*, the leading Colored paper in the State, has this to say in his last issue, which is sensible and to the point:

It is amusing to us to hear the "straight-ticket gang," who refused to vote for Russell and Jim Young, complaining because colored people were not invited to the reception given in honor of Governor Russell and the other newly inaugurated State officers by the Capital Club of this city. The reception was given by private parties who had a right to select their own guests. No colored person of common sense and sound judgment would have attended that reception if they had been invited. The Republican colored people do not expect nor ask for *social* equality, even though we have a Republican Governor, but are contending for *political* equality.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Among the bills introduced in the House are: To repeal the "assignment act;" to provide for making an entirely new list of jurors, February 1, in every county, in the State; to reduce salaries to conform to the prices of farm products to have the school fund apportionmont made in September instead of January; providing that the terms of magistrates elected last year shall end on the first Monday in December, 1898; to prohibit railway companies from defeating, or lessening competition in any way; to prohibit the sale or gift of cigarettes in the State, the punishment to befine or imprisonment.

THE SENATE.

Among the bills introduced were bill to define the manner in which railroad companies may become corporate in this State; bill in relation to lynchings by mob; bill to prohibit shelter to persons abandoning their homes;

By unanimous consent the House bill repealing chapter 466, known as the "Assignment Act," passed its several readings and was ordered to be enrolled for ratification. The bill to abolish the extra term of the Superior Court of Washington county passed its second and third readings.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common water glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates a diseased condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is positive evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists, price fifty cents and one dollar. For a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail, mention the CAROLINIAN and send your full post-office address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietor of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.—34-29.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price 50c and $1 per bottle at Alex. Wadsworth's Drug store.

QUEER BULLETS.

Nuggets of Gold and Wooden Slugs Used by Hunters In Emergencies.

When a hunter in the old days lost all his bullets or hadn't any to shoot with, he usually devised substitutes that on occasion served the purpose well. All sorts of things have been fired at game or Indians, as the case might be. Old Hank Ellison, living up in Jefferson county, N. Y., told to his dying day how he was cooped up by Indians out west once with a little lead, lots of powder, a belt full of gold nuggets, a fine rifle and a bullet mold. It was on the top of a knoll where his log cabin had been built, and he had a barrel of water and a lot of wood for emergencies. The Indians kept just out of range, dashing in once in awhile to draw his fire. He soon used his bullets up and then used the gold. He fired nearly half his fortune at the redskins before they left him.

Many a hunter has used a pebble in the hope of getting a close deadly shot. Jackknives and ramrods have served their time as missiles. Forest and Stream tells about a hunter who had only a single bullet, but lots of powder. The bullet shot the horn of a big buck off, and the buck charged the man, who took to a tree top. He spent half an hour whittling off two inch lengths of branches and putting them into his rifle. Then he rammed them down on the powder and fired at the maddened deer. His partner came along after awhile with a belt full of bullets and, making a run for the tree, gave a bullet to the shooter, who quickly killed the deer.—New York Sun.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

Ripans Tabules: for sour stomach.
Ripans Tabules cure flatulence.
Ripans Tabules cure indigestion.
Ripans Tabules assist digestion.
Ripans Tabules cure bad breath.
Ripans Tabules: gentle cathartic.
Ripans Tabules cure liver troubles.

"Stripes" Has No Friends In the Jungle.

Birds and monkeys will often warn the jungler of the approach of a tiger; the latter especially take every opportunity to express by loud hootings the intensity of their feelings at the hated presence of either of the dread beings of their jungles. "I have heard, too, that peculiar bark of the sambar stag sound again and again in the night air from out the dark jungles on the banks of the Nerbudda as he sends out a warning to his kind that murderous "stripes" is stalking near.—"Panther Shooting In Central India," by Captain C. J. Melliss, in Scribner's.

How It Got There.

A young man took his watch to a jeweler and asked the reason of it stopping. "Well," said the jeweler, "there is a bedbug in it." "Why, how could a bedbug get in a watch?" "Easily enough," said the jeweler, "it went in between the ticks."—Hennessy Press-Democrat.

Twenty Years....

For more than twenty years we have been telling how Scott's Emulsion overcomes the excessive waste of the system, puts on flesh, nourishes and builds up the body, making it the remedy for all wasting diseases of adults and children, but it isn't possible for us to tell the story in a mere stickful of newspaper type.

We have had prepared for us by a physician a little book, telling in easy words how and why Scott's Emulsion benefits, and a postal card request will be enough to have it sent to you free. To-day would be a good time to send for it.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

STANDS WITHOUT A RIVAL

THE MAIL AND EXPRESS.

Leading Evening Paper.

PUBLISHED DAILY AND CONTAINS:

All news of the World, the closing quotations of the stock, Produce, Consolidated and other exchanges, and the most exhaustive Financial and Railway and Commercial reports printed in any daily newspaper.

IN POLITICS it is Republican, advocates protection to American industries, a sound currency and all measures which tend toward the industrial and commercial development of the nation.

AS A FAMILY NEWSPAPER it is peerless; its columns are clean and free from the sensationalism which so many of the best families find objectionable in a newspaper which enters the home circle.

The Women's Department is not equaled by any other newspaper; it contains daily the news of special interest to the women and interesting articles by distinguished writers.

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Eclectic Magazine
—OF—
Foreign Literature, Science and Art.
"THE LITERATURE OF THE WORLD."
1897.
FIFTY-THIRD YEAR.

THE ECLECTIC MAGAZINE reproduces from foreign periodicals all those articles which are valuable to American readers. Its field of selection embraces all the leading Foreign Reviews, Magazines and Journals, and the tastes of all classes of intelligent readers are consulted in the articles presented. Articles from the

ABLEST WRITERS IN THE WORLD

will be found in its pages.

The following list gives the principal periodicals selected from and the names of some of the well-known authors whose articles have recently appeared in The Eclectic:

PERIODICALS.	AUTHORS.
Westminister Review,	Hon. W. E. Gladstone,
Contemporary Review,	Andrew Lang,
Fortnightly Review,	Professor Max Mueller,
Nineteenth Century,	J. Norman Lockyer,
Science Review,	James Bryce, M.P.
Blackwood's Magazine,	William Black,
Cornhill Magazine,	W. H. Mallock,
Macmillan's Magazine	Herbert Spencer,
New Review	T. P. Mahaffy,
National Review	Sir Robert Ball,
Chamber's Journal,	Prince Kropotkin,
Temple Bar,	Archdeacon Farrar,
The Academy,	St. George Mivart.
The Antheneum	Rev. H. R. Haweis,
Public Opinion	Frederic Harrison,
Saturday Review,	Mrs. Oliphant,
The Spectator,	Karl Blind,
etc., etc.	etc., etc.

The aim of the ECLECTIC is to be instructive and not sensational, and it commends itself particularly to Teachers, Scholars, Lawyers, Clergymen and all intelligent readers who desire to keep informed of the intellectual progress of the age.

Terms: Single Copies, 45 cents; one copy one year, $5; trial subscription for three months, $1. The Eclectic and any $4 Magazine to one address $8.

With Ice Eclectic and one good American Monthly, the reader will be fully abreast of the times.

E. P. Felton, Publisher, 129 Fifth Ave. New York.

Notice of Administration.

Having qualified as Administrator of the late Jabe Burgess, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. January 9, 1897.

GEORGE BURGESS, Adm'r

Notice of Administration

Having qualified as Administrators of the estate of the late Sarah J. Eves dec'd, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to her estate to come forward and make immediate settlement and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. December, 10th, 1896.

J. P. EVES,
W. W. EVES,
Administrators.

BULL'S Cough Syrup

That heritage of rich and poor, has saved many a life. For Throat and Lung affections it is invaluable. It never fails to cure Cough, Cold, Croup and Whooping-Cough. DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP is the best. Price 25 cents.

Chew LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco Antidote, 10c. Dealers or mail, A.C. Meyer & Co., Balto., Md.

Knowing that satisfied customers are better than any newspaper advertisements, our aim is to give the greatest value possible for the money, and to satisfy customers both in cost and quality of goods bought.

GOLD & HOOPER

To reduce our large stock of Winter Suits, Men's and Youth's Overcoats and Ladies' Cloaks and Capes, we have made great reduction on each. Before buying any Clothing you would do weell t examine our goods and learn our prices.

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No merchants can charge you double the value for an article and be merchants long. Buyers are too intelligent to be deceived.

GOLD & HOOPER

Our stock consists of General Dry Goods, Oil and Rubber goods, Gents' Furnishing goods, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Jewelry, Notions and anything else you want. Call and see us. Water street, near Arlington Hotel.

NOTICE.

NORTH CAROLINA, Dare County. } In the Superior Court.

Notice is hereby given that Articles of Incorporation of the Roanoke Improvement Company have been filed and recorded in the Clerk's office of the Superior Court in the county aforesaid and the said Company having complied with sections 677 and 678, chapter 16, Vol. 1, of the Code of North Carolina, have been declared under authority of section 679 of the Code of North Carolina. "The Roanoke Improvement Company," the articles of agreement being (in substance) as follows:

1. That the name of said Company shall be the Roanoke Improvement Company.

2. The object shall be to buy the Manteo School Building and Odd Fellows Hall and Lot located in Manteo, N. C. To lease, rent or sell the same, buying and improving real estate, and leasing or renting or selling the same, operating a school in the town of Manteo, N. C., and such other business as said Association may see fit to engage in.

3. The place for conducting the business shall be Manteo, Dare County, North Carolina.

4. The time for continuing the business shall extend for the period of thirty years from the date hereof.

5. The names of Corporators are L. N. Midgett, C. J. Dough, S. A. Griffin, R. C. Evans, Geo. A. Bliven, S. E. Mann, B. T. Daniels, L. Cudworth, Geo. W. Creef, Jr.

6. The amount of capital shall be three hundred and fifty dollars with the privilege of increasing said capital to Three Thousand Dollars.

7. Number of shares shall be thirty-five with the privilege to increase to three hundred, and the amount of each shall be Ten Dollars.

In witness whereof I hereunto set my hand and the seal of the Superior Court of Dare County, this the 27th day of August, 1896.

J. B. JENNETT,
Clerk Superior Court, Dare Co., N. C.

THE ATLANTIC COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
SCHOOL FOR BOTH SEXES,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
The 19th Annual Session Opens September 21st, 1896.

This school prepares for business life or for entrance to higher institutions of learning, including the U. S. Military and Naval Academies.

Exceptionally fine advantages offered in instrumental and vocal music.

Diplomas are awarded students completing courses of study.

Students of this school are admitted to the University of North Carolina and to Wake Forest College upon certificate.

Full faculty of six regular teachers besides special instructors. Rates of tuition and board very low.

Write for Catalogue. Address,
S. L. SHEEP, President,
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Elizabeth City, Pasquotank Co., N.C.

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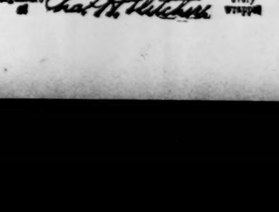
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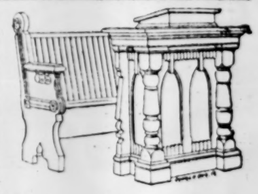
For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Is an every wrapper



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Now is the time to place your order the latter for the Spring Shipping

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Wholesale Commission

FISH DEALER

106 FULTON MARKET,

New York

North Carolina Shad a Specialty.

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References:—Gurkin & Co., Bankers both City, N C, and other Financia uses when desired

IS YUR NERVE GONE?

Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets Will Restore Nerves, Brain, Blood and Muscles to Health and Vigor.

The Kola nut has been used for centuries by Africans as a renewer of the tissue and preventer of fatigue.

Dr. Charcot, the eminent authority on nervous diseases, prepared a prescription from Kola which he vouched for as a tonic specific in all nervous diseases and assure invigorator for the blood.

Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets are prepared upon the above mentioned prescription from the fresh nuts especially imported from Western Africa.

Kola is not a cure-all. It is a food for nerves, brain and muscles and a tonic for the blood.

Kola Nervine Tablets are absolutely certain and speedy in their effects. They cure all nervous diseases, prevent fatigue, renew failing vigor, give tone to the whole system.

Kola Nervine Tablets cures sleeplessness and the nervous troubles from which sleeplessness denotes. They are specific in cases of nervous dyspepsia.

The druggists say the demand for the Tablets is astonishing. Kola is what the debilitated want.

Thousands of packages have been sold. Good effects were felt at once.

Hundreds of letters say: "One package of the Tablets, costing $1.00, has done for me what physicians, who cost me $100, failed to do."

We absolutely guarantee that no harmful or secondary effects are felt from the use of the Kola Tablets.

Can you, in justice to yourself, refuse to pay 3c a day for sure relief from neuralgia, bloodlessness, brain fatigue, sleeplessness, nervous dyspepsia loss of vigor, melancholia and all the evils resulting from a nervous condition? Ask yourself the question with all seriousness.

Dr. A. C. Sherwin is one of the best physicians in New England. He writes:

"Hotel Pelham, Boston, Dec. 6th, 1895.—Gentlemen: I am prescribing Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets for Nervousness, Insomnia, Dyspepsia and Neuralgia, with excellent results. I have no hesitation in stating that they are infallible in all forms of nervous diseases. Their invigorating properties are wonderful.

Yours truly, A. C. Sherwin, M. D.

Edward Everett Hale, D. D., the famous author of "The Man Without a Country," in an editorial in the Boston Commonwealth, and later in a personal letter, wrote thus:

"I am assured by a careful inquiry among the leading physicians and personal friends who have used them and in whom I have the utmost confidence, that Dr Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets are invaluable in insomnia and all nervious diseases.

EDW. E. HALE.

Fifty Cents and $1.00 per box (one month's treatment). See Dr. Charcot's name on box. Kola booklet free. All druggists or sent direct. Eureka Chemical & Manufacturing Company, LaCrosse, Wis., and Boston, Mass.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

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Improve your Time

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We carry in stock a full line of Bogy and Dry Kiln Wheels; also Standard Grate Bars, and are prepared to furnish Boiler Fronts and general Foundry work on short notice.

We are prepared to do our own pattern work and we guarantee our work and prices to compare with any other city.

We carry in our Supply Store a full line of Rubber and Leather Belting, Oils, Wastes, Babbit Metal, Files, Belt Dressing, Engine and Rubber Packings, Lubricators, Steam Guages, Brass Goods of all kinds, Belt Lacing, Pipe and Pipe Fittings and Boiler Tubes.

We also handle Wood and Iron Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Collars, Shafting. Couplings and Rubber Roofing Paint. And are agents for Wood Working Machinery, Engines and Boilers and Machery of all description and Gasoline Engines and Launches.

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THE CITY.

Mayor—Charles C. Pool; Commissioners—Palemon John, Thomas A. Commander, Alson B. Seeley B. Frank Spence and Wm. W. Griggs. Clerk, Charles A. Banks; Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb; Constable and Chief of Police, Wm. C. Brooks; Street Commissioner, Reuben W. Berry; Fire Commissioners, Allen Kramer and Fred. H. Zeigler.

Collector of Customs—Jas. C. Brooks.

Postmaster—E. F. Lamb.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church Sts

CHURCHES.

Methodist: J. H. Hall, pastor; Baptist, C. S. Blackwell, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, F. H. Johnston, pastor.

COLORED—Methodist, H. B. Pettigrew, pastor; Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch, Lake Pierce, pastor; Sawyer's Chapel, J. C. Coleman pastor. Antioch, Presbyterian, S P Smith, pastor,

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 317, Dr. W. W. Griggs, W. M.; G. W. Brother, S. W.; E. F. Lamb, J. W.; D. B. Bradford, Sec'y; Moses Weisel Treas. Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows: Achorse Lodge No. 14; C. W. Belanga, N. G.; W. H. Ballard, V. G.; H. O. Hill, Rec. Sec'ry; W. F. Murden, Financial Sec'ry; M. Wescott, Treasurer; F. F. Sawyer, S. P. G.

Talula Encampment No. 8; E. F. Sawyer, C. P.; W. W. Morrisett, H. P.; Monroe Bright, S. W.; C. W. Belanga, J. W.; F. L. Garrett, Scribe; J. F. Sanders, Treasurer.

Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209; N. R. Parker, Regent; N. Underwood, Vice Regent; C. Guirkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary; F. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer. Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; J. P. Simpson, Sachem; W. S. Sanford, Sr. Sagamore; Will Anderson, Jr. Sagamore; C. W. Belanga, Prophet; James Spires, C. of R.; S. H. Murroh, K. of W. Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: E. C. Kramer, chairman; F. M. Godfrey, W. J. Williams. Standard Keeper. A. L. Jones.

Sheriff, Thomas P. Wilcox; Superior Court Clerk, John F. Overman; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, John S. Morris; County Examiner, Gaston Pool.

SCHOOLS.

Public School, W. M. Hinton, Principal.

Atlantic Collegiate Institute, S. L. Shaw, Prest.

Select School, J. N. Tillett, Principal.

State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

Hotels

New Albemarle House

Mr. & Mrs. SAWYER Props,

Cor. Main and Road Streets, Elizabeth City, N. C. First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights.

TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 per day.

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This well established Hotel offers first-class accommodations to travelers.

FIRST-CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Rooms for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances furnished when desired. Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers.

Terms Reasonable.

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Practice in the District and Federa Courts. Collections promptly made,

Ripans Tabules.
Ripans Tabules cure nausea.
Ripans Tabules: at druggists.
Ripans Tabules cure headache.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, January 0, 1897.

☞Keep in good cheer.

☞The 4th of March is near

☞Better times will then appear

☞Some of our Truckers have already planted peas.

☞Mr. John Luton, near Nixonton, died on the 13th inst.

☞The 10th Annual Fair at Newberne on February 22—27.

☞"The First Distcict did it," is what they say at Raleigh. All hon or to the Populists who "kept faith" and remained steadfast.

☞The "Cottage," on Riverside, is being taken down preparatory for the erection of a new and handsome building.

☞It is said that the thin goods for '97 are more flower-bedecked, more gossamer-like and more lovely than ever.

☞Of all the contemptible creatures that infest society, the babblers, tattlers, back-biters and slanderers the most dangerous and detestable.

☞Water Works? Yes. The City authorities will entertain propositions from responsible parties as to a franchise for a plant.

☞Mr. Hodges James and Miss Kate Carter, both of Salem, this county, were married on the 12th inst., Rev. Charles Meads officiating.

☞The Naval Reserves of this City have been invited by the Maryland Division, to participate in the Iauguration Exercises on the 4th of March at Washington City.

☞The Albemarle Fire Company' under its reorganization, has arranged and is prepared for still more efficient service. The Company should have all possible encouragement.

☞On Thursday last the Northbound Norfolk and Southern train was fired into by some miscreant in ambush near the Junction. The ball went through a window of the rear coach

☞As the statute provides that the Poor shall be taken care of by the County, the Town Council have ordered that, hereafter, all applications for relief must be made to the County Commissioners.

☞The CAROLINIAN fully agrees with a recent writer who says this is not a time for depression of spirit or with repining, and in this beautiful world the pessimist should be shoved into the gloomy shade where he belongs.

☞At Raleigh yesterday, as the CAROLINIAN all along predicted, Hon. Jeter C. Pritchard was re-elected United States Senator. Go, "carry the news" to Marion Butler! We shall have some "remarks" in our nex issue.

☞We acknowledge the receipt of a Card from A. W. Haff, the veteran Wholesale Commission Fish Dealer in New York. He has been in the business the past 25 years and has established a reputation for fair and honorable dealing. It is said that he "receives more Spring Shad than all the rest of the Dealers put together."

☞From a letter received from Representative W. G. Pool, we quote: "I think we will be able to make some amendments to our Oyster law that will be of benefit to our people. The Dare and Pamlico Members are not opposed to dredging, and I believe we can offer inducements for the Canners to come back."

☞From letters from patrons the past week, enclosing renewals, we quote: "This is my 26th renewal. I would almost feel lost without the paper." "We take five papers in the family, but we all like the CAROLINIAN the best." "I admire the CAROLINIAN because it is always reliable, clean, newsy and interesting." "I consider it the best family local paper in the State." "The CAROLINIAN is my old and trusted adviser. Long may it wave!" We try to make the CAROLINIAN a welcome visitor wherever it goes.

☞From the report of Hon. Theophalis White, Chief Inspector of Shell Fish, we learn that the receipts from the counties lying within the Oyster territory of the State in relation to the "shipping and packing of oysters," were: From Craven, $642 08; Pasquotank, $41.29; Carteret, $694.12; Currituck, $1,884.04; Dare, $574.79; Hyde, 81,993.26, and Beaufort, $112.73, the total being $5,859. 32. The disbursements amounted to $4,910.91, leaving a balance of $948, 41. Of this sum $419.23 was paid to the Board of Education, leaving a balance of $379,14 in the hands of the State Treasurer. The Inspector reccommends several practical changes in the oyster law which the Legislature would do well to consider.

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager. Elizabeth City, N. C

☞Mrs Theo. Ralph, of Edenton, died on the 10th inst.

Shoes, Shoes, Shoes, at rock bottom prices at Fowler & Co.'s

☞Eggs will cook much more evenly if the frying pan is covered.

☞How are you off for Blankets. We have 'em, the best to be had from 50c the pair to $5. Moses Weisel.

☞Save the ashes carefully and apply to the garden and fruit trees in the spring.

The 15c Windsor Ties at The Fair are equal to any in town at 25c.

☞It is said that the "good die young." As a matter of fact, it is the young that die good.

☞Good values in Dress Goods and Hosiery at Fowler & Co 's

☞If many of the chronic diseases of which people complain should be analyzed they would turn out to be nothing but sheer laziness.

The largest stock of Dress Goods in all the latest novelties at The Fair.

☞That Kid Glove Moses Weisel is eelling for 79c is a corker.

☞A profitable cow can be made more profitable by good feeding, because it is her nature to convert her excess of nourishment into milk and butter fat.

☞Remember there is nothing so appropriate for a Xmas gift as a "Picture" of self. So have it made at once at Zoellers. His work is of the best.

☞Have your "Picture" made at once so as to have them for Xmas Nothing more appropriate for a gif than one of Zoeller's best.

☞The young wife's idea of her husband's friend is that he is a chap who may be unexpectedly be invited home to dinner when she is utterly unprepared.

☞A "continuous performance" o bargains is shown at Moses Weisel's.

☞Men's all wool Sweaters 75c at Fowler & Co.'s.

☞What is genius? It is extraordinary capacity for labor. The great prizes of life are won only by exhausting and long-continued toil. A prodigious capacity for work is genius.

☞We now have a full line of Fall and Winter Samples of Wannamaker & Brown and have suits made to order and a fit guaranteed. The Fair.

The largest stock of Silks, Velvets and Trimmings at The Fair.

☞An observant editor declares that Leap year was a fraud. He says there are now 3,000,000 bachelors in this country and the surplus of matrimonial raw material is constantly growing. He thinks the new woman, matrimonially considered, is not so effective as the old woman.

☞Its a peach! that $1.25 Overcoats for boys at Moses Weisel's, sizes from 5 to 13 years, with capes.

☞A wise man doesn't like to admit that he has been foolish twice in the same way. If he forgets to buy his Neckties of Moses Weisel one day, he manages to drop into the store the next time he needs a supply.

☞Never lose sight of one important fact. Some matters belong absolutely to home and have no concern whatever with other persons, therefore do not let your tongue cause them to leave the sacred precincts. Gossip is always distasteful, but when home affairs are the topic it cannot be too strong deprecated.

Window Shades in all colors at greatly reduced prices at The Fair.

For Gum Boots and Oil Clothing write to Fowler & Co. Bottom prices.

☞All life has its petty side. Th eagle that cleaves the thunder-cloud must sometimes stop to plume its wings. We should be sorry to lose the small things out of our existence. Even in the very face of the gorgeous sunset we have to set the table and prepare the evening meal.

Shad Nets, Gill Twine or Seine Twine in large quantities or small quanties at Fowler & Co.'s.

The Ladies Mcintoshes at The Fair were bought at a big bargain and you can get the benefit of it.

☞The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of elegant styles.

The celebrated "Crack Proof" Children and Misses Shoes at The Fair are just the thing for school. Try a pair.

☞The man who has no happiness in life is one who doesn't wear Moses Weisel's perfect fitting shirts.

☞A large quantity of Dress Overcoats received November 23rd at Fowler & Co's, and will be sold at half price. Call and examine.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

☞Mrs Sallie Bailey, near Hall's Creek, died yesterday morning. Her age was 79 years.

☞No living representative of the animal kingdom has more than five toes, digits, or claws to each foot, hand, or limb The horse is the type of one-toed creation, the camel of the two-toed, the rhinoceros of the three-toed, and the hippopotamus of the four-toed animal life. The elephant and hundreds of other animals belong to the great five-toed tribe.

LOCAL MENTION.

The sun rose this morning at 7:07 and will set to-night at 5:15.—A number of young people enjoyed an oyster roast at the Iron Foundry on Wednesday night.—See the card of "thanks" by the Elizabeth City Lumber Company.—Mrs. C. H. Robinson and children are visiting friends at Richmond, Va.—A wise man always keeps on hand enough resignation for any emergency.—It is well to remember that he who gathers roses must not fear thorns.—Our young townsman, W. H. Gregory, who has been taking a course at Eastman's Business College at Poughkepsie, N. Y., has returned.—We are sorry to learn that Mrs. W. A. Harney is quite ill at her home on Upper Main street.—Some men believe themselves to have a mission in life when they are simply intrusted with an errand.—Of great Composers, the Insomnist thus refers to the greatest:

Of all the great composers known,
There's one will always keep;
A promise that's all his own—
The great composer—Sleep!

—Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Zoeller, who have been off on a visit to friends at Tarboro and Hampton, have returned. —The Misses Blanchards, of Hertford, have been on a visit to friends here.—No man works harder and gets less for it than the hypocrite.—Always think before speaking.—Mr. W. T. Williams, Ex-Chief of Police, is ill at his residence on Fearing street.—The preaching that is aimed alone at the head generally misses the heart.—It was at Sunday School. "And now, little children," said the Superintendent, "If you are good, some day you may wear a golden crown." "Pa's got one on his tooth now," chirped the smallest and newest boy.—As briefly announced last week, Mr. H. F. Smith, Superintendent of the Cotton Factory, has brought his family here. They are located in Dr. McMullan's new house on Upper Main street. A cordial welcome to them.—Mr. Carroll G. Pool, having accepted a position in New York, left for that city on Thursday.—The Rhymster has this to say of the "bargain sex:"

"Man wants but little here below"—
This fact's won him renown—
While woman wants a lot of things,
And wants them all marked down.

—Mrs. P. S. Shipp entertained at her home in the First Ward on Thursday evening.—Mr. C. E. Kramer has begun the erection of a new house on the Southwest corner of his lot on Martin and Fearing streets.—The breath of suspicion; one redolent of cloves.—"What part of speech is egg?" asked the Teacher. "Noun, sir." "What is its gender?" "Don't know 'till its hatched."—On account of ill health Mrs. J. C. Benbury has withdrawn from the Millinery firm of Dawson & Benbury.—The removal of the electric light on the Tow Clock is greatly missed by the public. It was put up by Hathaway Bros., and kept there at their own expense during the time they had charge of the clock. We repeat, it is greatly missed.—On the ship of matrimony the man is very often merely the first mate.—"I am dyeing for love," remarked a woman who changed the color of her hair to please her husband.—The CAROLINIAN Job Printing office is kept busy filling orders. Foreman Chapman knows how to execute neat work and the public has found it out.—We acknowledge a call from Mr. F. L. Perry, Advertising Agent of the Newbern Fair. He reports that all the indications are that it will be the most attractive and succes ful ever held.—"Blessed are the merciful, for they shall obtain mercy," Mat. V 7.—Truthfully saith the Poet:

All of good the past hath had
Remains to make our own time glad,

—Mr. W. B. Hamlin, of Richmond, Va., spent several days here the past week. He at one time was in the drug business here. We acknowledge a very pleasant call.—The Cotton Factory is now spinning and doing beautiful work.—Uncle Sam says that those who live but for the present lose the pleasures of both memory and hope.—"Do animals go to heaven?" inquired little Willie of the Parson. "No, William, probably not; or, at least, we have no reason to think so." "Then the 'milk and honey' in heaven must be canned goods, I suppose."—Mr. T. P. Midgett, of Rodanthe, was in the city on Saturday and called and paid his respects. —The Elizabeth City Lumber Company are arranging to immediately rebuild the Dry Kilns recently destroyed by fire.—"Didn't I tell you to put the mince pie away this morning?" said little Jack's mother. "Yes, mamma, you did; but you didn't say where I should put it, so I stored it away in my stomach," was the little lad's reply. She wasn't explicit enough.—Mr. D. D. Raper, of Edenton, was in the city on Saturday.—"Oh, for the wings of a dove," sang little Mollie. "What do you want with the wings of a dove, my dear?" asked her mother. "To put on my new hat," was the practical little girl's reply.—Read "A Word About Brick" in another column. The best in this section are made by F. G. Thompson. —When the Devil goes to church he generally walks there with a church member.—The Versifier saitrically remarks:

The newly wed see no one else,
As they spoon and spoon and spoon,
For the world is in eclipse, you know,
Behind a honey-moon.

—A gentleman who left Elizabeth City five years ago and was here on a visit last week for the first time since, stated that the changes, new building and improvements have been so great he scarcely recognized it as the same place when he arrived. The fact is no town in the State is growing so rapidly. The editor's dream, published years ago is coming to pass. —Mr. B. R. Smith, of Ocean City, N. J., is here to spend a few weeks. We acknowledge a call.—Judge Pool will probably return from Raleigh to-day.—There were several cases of "drunks" in the Mayor's Court this week.—Isn't it about as bad to rob a man of his peace as it is of his money? —White shad in market.—Mr. J. B. Pinner, of East Lake, was in the City yesterday. He called and paid his respects.—M. B. Culpepper esq., left for Raleigh on Friday and will return to-day.

Thanks.

We wish to thank the Volunteer Fire Company for the prompt and efficient service rendered at our fire on the 12th inst. We also wish to express our appreciation of the sympathy shown and service rendered by our friends generally.

ELIZABETH CITY LUMBER CO

WHY will you buy bitter nauseating tonics when **Groves Tasteless Chill Tonic** is as pleasant as Lemon Syrup. Your druggist is authorized to refund the money in every case where it fails to cure. Price, 50 cents.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts. Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilbains Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the General Assembly of North Carolina to amend the Charter of the Town of Elizabeth City.

W. H. Morris,

Veterinary Surgeon.

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals.

Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE,

$100. *One Hundred DOLLARS*

Reward!

ON THE NIGHT OF DEC. 31st, some person or persons laid crossties on the track of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad, near the 48th mile post, and also placed some ties upright in culvert 131. For evidence which will secure the arrest and conviction of those who committed the above acts the Company will pay

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS.

The same sum will be paid also for like evidence against any other persons who may commit similar acts elsewhere along the Railroad.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Manager.
Norfolk, Va., Jan. 1st, '97.

BRANSON'S - - -

New State Directory of North Carolina

Should be in the office of every business man in the State, as well as those who do business with the State. Price $5. Order of Levi Branson, Raleigh, N. C.

Honest Money

Is not alone that which you earn, but that which you save. Come here to-morrow, come any day of the week, come when you will and see if the money we save you is not as honest in your pocket as it would be in the till of those who would

Charge You

more for goods. We have Child's Cape Overcoats, sizes 9 to 13 years, at $1.25, we will guarantee cannot be matched in the city at the price. We also have a

Man's Suit

square cut, color blue, for $2.50 that is a corker. We also have higher price Suits, goods that are equally as cheap, for $5.00 $5.50, $6.00, $6.50, $7,50 and up. We have

Dress Goods

that are the very latest 1896 Fall Styles from 10 cents to $2.00 per yard, a wide range of prices you will say, but the assortment is complete and fashionable.

Shoes

in an endless assortment and prices the very lowest. Investigate and know for yourself we are positively the lowest price house in the city.

Moses Weisel,

ELIZABETH CITY, N.C

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

Subscribe for the CAROLINIAN.

A number of our people are on the sick list this week.

The funeral of Mrs. Esther McMurren was preached by Rev. Z. H. Berry on Sunday.

After spending about a month at home Hon. G. A. Mebane left Monday for Raleigh.

Rev. Anderson being out of town on Sunday, his pulpit was occupied by Rev. Sawyer.

The enrollment of the State Normal School was increased last week by the arrival of several new students.

As a product of the times one little fellow among us glories in the popular appellation of William McKinley Reynolds.

There are two happy young men on Speed street; viz: W. C. M. Butler and A. L. Hudgins. The cause? Well, either will inform you upon inquiry.

The second session of the new Era Institute at this place will be conducted in Corner Stone Church next week by Revs. J. A. Whitehead and C. C. Summerville, of Raleigh.

Mrs. Malvina Haughton, mother of Mrs. H. B. Pettigrew and for some time a resident of our town, died at Edenton on the 12th.

We learn that some of our young men have organized a concert troupe and are preparing to surprise us with something new in a few days.

A literary and musical concert for the benefit of Olive Branch Church will be given at the Samaritan Hall to-morrow night. An interesting debate is on the program.

Notwithstanding the reports to the contrary, we are informed that *that* marriage will take place in short.

Mr. Frank Williams, of Virginia, is visiting friends in the community.

While Prof. Moore, of the Normal, was attending Church services Sunday night, some worthless fellow visited his potato hill and helped himself. A similar visit was made a short time ago. We suggest a steel trap.

A Household Remedy.

Rev. J. L. Oxford, Atlanta, Ga., says: "I wish to state to the public that I have used King's Loyal Germetuer for indigestion and general debility, and must say it is the finest medicine I ever used. It relieved me of catarrh also.

I heartily recommend Royal Germetuer to the afflicted. It is my household remedy."

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

ELIZABETH CITY STATE COLORED NORMAL SCHOOL.

320 young men and women, representing 21 counties, have received instruction in this institution since its opening in 1891. A large number of these have taught successfully in the public schools of the State. The school affords thorough and practical instruction in normal and scientific branches and SPECIAL instruction on good MORALS and MANNERS. Competent instructors are employed. Tuition is free. Board ranges from $6 to $7 per month.

The sixth annual session begins September 14th, 1896, and closes the fourth Friday in May, 1897. If you have a son or daughter to educate, consult the Principal, or write to him for a catalogue.

P. W. MOORE, A. M.,
Elizabeth City, N. C. Principal

Roanoke Institute,

—FOR—

Males and Femalcs,

This young institution offers first-class advantages to young men and women seeking an education. There are four departments of study, viz: Primary, English, Industrial and Theological. Instructors will be employed in each department eminently capable of doing excellent work in the school room. Special attention to Vocal and Instrumental Music. For further information apply to

M. W. D. NORMAN, A. M.
President
Elizabeth City, N. C.

CURES.... SUMMER DISEASES

The Ideal Remedy for all diseases of the stomach and bowels, such as Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Cramps, Loss of Appetite, etc., is that standard of all medicines,

DR. KING'S

ROYAL GERMETUER.

Thousands of Certificates attest the fact.

Mr. L. T. Collier, Kosciusko, Miss., says: "My bowels would act from ten to twenty times a day, of a bloody, mucus nature. My kidneys were very badly out of order. I was treated by the best physicians, and they said I could live but a short while. I then commenced using Royal Germetuer. In three weeks I could eat anything, and do as much work as ever. I continued the Germetuer, and can testify that I am entirely cured, and that Germetuer did the work."

It is as pleasant to take as lemonade, and builds up from the first dose. It cures disease by removing the cause.

Sold by Druggists, One Dollar.

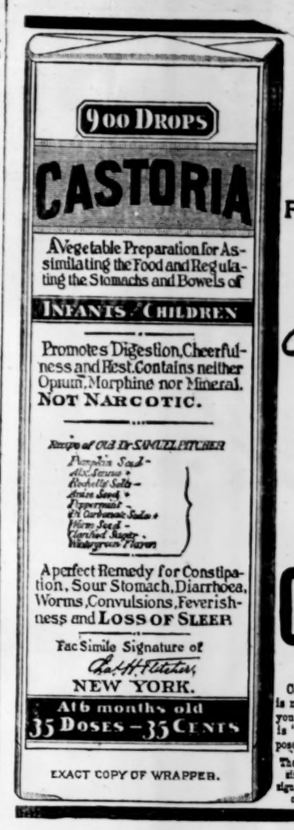
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

THE ATLANTA CHEMICAL CO., ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Write for 48-page Book, Mailed Free.

Use GERMETUER PILLS and GERMETUER COUGH SYRUP.

MONEY can be earned at our new line of work rapidly and honorably, by those of either sex, young or old, and in their own localities, wherever they live. One can do the work. Easy to learn. We furnish everything. We start you. No risk. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. This is an entirely new lead, and brings wonderful success to every worker. Beginners are earning from $25 to $50 per week and upwards, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the employment and teach you FREE. No space to explain here. Full information FREE. TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE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CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
4 0 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN POWER JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT

Has the requisites for doing all kinds of Printing, and prompt-ness. Visiting Cards, Show Bills,

THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE —OF— Chas. H. Fletcher. IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF

CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

"The FAIR" WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Department Store,

Have for several weeks been receiving their stock of Fall and Winter Goods, and invite an inspection of them by all. The several departments have been largely increased, and special attention is called to the very large exhibits of

DRESS GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES, HATS, LADES' WRAPS.

Our Facilties:

We have the Largest Store Rooms and the Largest Stock of Goods in the place.

Our Motto

is to furnish Better Goods for less money than any other house.

"THE BIG STORE" —IS THE— "PEOPLE'S STORE."

Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is 'way up in G the prices defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, increase by thus doing we are sure to secure trade.

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Immense supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Our

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up-to-date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us accommodating, we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Dress Goods.

Unusual good value in Plain and Fancy Spring and Summer Dress Goods at Fowler & Co's

Hosiery

Before buying your Hosiery, examine the prices and qualites at Fowler & Co's.

Clothing.

Fowler & Co. are offering some Special Bargains in clothing. Some heavy weight or Winter Clothing will be sold for about half their value

Fowler & Co.'s Store is full of new goods and new prices. Give them a call.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

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beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

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PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.

OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

...attended ...y Cathedral, ...e prayers, a robin ...about the building, join... ...casionally in the service with a ...odest "chirrup." When the clergyman ascended the pulpit and began to speak, the robin deliberately perched himself on one of the pinnacles of the chancel screen, quite close to the orator, and the louder the pastor preached the louder did the robin sing, much to the amusement of the congregation. I have no recollection of what the sermon was about, but the robin's singing made a deep impression upon me.—London Telegraph.

Tariff and Taxes.

Whatever the new order of things may be in tariff and taxes, business is already better, and there are sure signs of its being rapidly improved. Infirmities and ailments are the tariff and taxes on physical strength. Lumbago is a complaint that taxes our best endurance. It cripples and unfits one for anything like active exertion. It is a sudden backache, but no matter how sudden, St. Jacobs Oil is quick and sure enough in its prompt cure to break it up and restore strength. In paying the taxes on our health the best currency is the best remedy for pain, and its prompt use the surest way of getting back to business.

Large shipments of eggs are spoken of more commonly as coming from the Northwest, but that Kentucky does a share toward supplying the markets was shown by the shipment by one firm at Lancaster of 13,059 dozen in one day.

When an article has been sold for 28 years, in spite of competition and cheap imitations, it must have superior quality. Dobbins' Electric Soap has been constantly made and sold since 1865. *Ask your grocer for it. Beat of all.*

Statistics just published show that the number of duels in Germany has doubled since 1883, and whereas in 1891 sixty sentences were imposed for dueling, 107 sentences for the same offense were imposed in 1895 in various parts of Germany.

Calendars and Coupons.

So many beautiful calendars and entertaining novelties have been issued by the proprietors of Hood's Sarsaparilla, that we are hardly surprised to receive this season not only one of the very prettiest designs in calendars, but with it coupons which entitle the recipient to attractive novelties. Every one who gets a Hood's Sarsaparilla calendar for 1897 secures something that will prove interesting and valuable as well as a beautiful specimen of the lithographer's art. The calendar is accompanied this season by an amusing little book on "The Weather." Ask your druggist for Hood's Coupon Calendar, or send 6 cents in stamps for one to C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY, }

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. (SEAL)

A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Over 400,000 cured. Why not let No-To-Bac regulate or remove your desire for tobacco? Saves money, makes health and manhood. Cure guaranteed. 50 cents and $1.00, at all druggists.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

When bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic; cure guaranteed; 10c., 25c.

The advantages of Sulphur as a purifier Glenn's Sulphur Soap places within reach of all Hill's Hair & Whisker Dye, black or brown, 50c

Cascarets stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe; 10c.

True Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla. 25c.

How to Judge Beef.

"If people will remember one simple rule they can always purchase the best meat in the market," said an old butcher to a Mail and Express reporter to-day. "Steer beef always retains its color, and the tallow is white no matter how long the carcass has been in cold storage. On the other hand, cow beef tallow is of a yellowish hue. Take that side of the beef over there, see how white the tallow is. Well, that's steer beef. Here is a quarter of cow beef. Note the difference in the color of the tallow?

"The meat of a steer beef always retains its bright red color. Not so with cow or bull beef. But it is possible to spoil the best of steer beef in the killing. After a steer has been strung up and hit in the head, the throat should be cut immediately. If the cutting is delayed the blood will have coagulated in the veins and the flesh will turn black."—New York Mail and Express.

Italy seems to be doing her best to encourage her shipbuilding industry.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Will cure the worst forms of female complaints, all ovarian troubles, inflammation and ulceration, falling and displacements of the womb, and consequent spinal weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the change of life.

Every time it will cure **Backache.**

It has cured more cases of leucorrhœa by removing the cause, than any remedy the world has ever known; it is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills** work in unison with the Compound, and are a sure cure for constipation and sick headache. Mrs. Pinkham's Sanative Wash is of great value for local application.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
25 CTS. 25 CTS.

SHERMAN FOR PREMIER.

The Ohio Senator to Be McKinley's Secretary of State.

HIS LONG POLITICAL CAREER.

The Aged Statesman Decides to Round Out His Public Life by Accepting a Portfolio in the Next Cabinet---His Selection Authoritatively Announced---Speculation as to His Successor.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Senator John Sherman, of Ohio, will be Secretary of State after March 4 next. This statement is made on indisputable authority. It is expected that Mr. Sherman will go to Canton as soon as possible to confer with the President-elect. Senator Sherman has just intimated to Major McKinley that he is inclined to accept the office, which it is understood was practically offered him several days ago.

This determination on the part of Senator Sherman to round out his career in public life by serving four years as premier of the incoming Administration will at once open an animated discussion as to his successor. Governor Bushnell, who will have to appoint some one to serve during Senator Sherman's unexpired term of two years, has given no indications of his intentions. The most widely accepted opinion is that he will appoint National Chairman M. A. Hanna, but it is by no means certain he will do so.

Mr. Sherman has made a desperate effort to control the naming of his successor, but

SENATOR JOHN SHERMAN.

Mr. Foraker, who is the Republican leader in Ohio, will not consent to it. He may agree to the appointment of Mr. Hanna by Governor Bushnell to fill the unexpired term of Mr. Sherman, but he has foreordained that the Governor shall later become his associate in the Senate.

SHERMAN'S CAREER.

The Ohio Senator's Half-Century of Prominence in Politics.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—John Sherman has figured more or less prominently in American politics for over half a century. Born in Lancaster, Ohio, on May 10, 1823, he received such schooling only as Ohio supplied at that early day, and at the age of fourteen became a surveyor's rod man. It was a political appointment, and two years later he lost it through politics. Then he got a clerkship in one of the county offices, which he kept for two or three years. In 1840 he went to Mansfield to study law in the office of his brother, the late Charles T. Sherman. On his twenty-first birthday he was admitted to the bar and was taken by his brother as a partner.

John Sherman made his debut in politics in 1844 as an orator in behalf of Clay's candidacy for President. Since then he has been successively Representative in Congress (first in 1854), United States Senator and Secretary of the Treasury, retiring from the Cabinet when President Hayes's term expired and re-entering the Senate.

Besides this, Mr. Sherman has been prominently before every National Republican Convention almost ever since the Civil War as a possible nominee. He has desired the nomination and once or twice it seemed quite probable that he would get it. He was very near it in 1880. Again in 1888 his fond great hopes of winning the prize, but it went to Harrison.

Senator Sherman is now nearly seventy-four years old and can hope for no higher earthly honors than have already fallen to him.

Senator Sherman was married on December 31, 1848, to Margaret Cecilia Stewart, the only child of Judge Stewart, of Mansfield.

MINERS MEET DEATH.

A Crosshead Breaks, Precipitating Them Down a Shaft.

William L. Taylor, aged forty; Henry Flynn, thirty-five; John Taylor, twenty-four, and Peter Tinco, a Polander, aged thirty, were instantly killed, and Theodore Fraunkenstein, aged sixteen, was fatally injured at the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company's new shaft at Wadesville, Penn. They composed part of the day shift, and stood on the rim of a big iron bucket to be lowered to the bottom of the shaft, a distance of 600 feet. The rope passed through a heavy crosshead made of angle iron, which served as its guide. On account of the bitter cold weather, the crosshead did not move when the bucket started down the shaft. After it had descended about 300 feet the crosshead gave way, precipitating the four men and the boy to the rocky surface below a distance of about 275 feet. The bodies of the four men were horribly mangled. Fraunkenstein died at home.

BIG FARM ABANDONED.

Vanderbilt's Son-in-Law Has Grown Tired of Agricultural Life.

H. McK. Twombly, after having expended over $1,500,000 on his farm of 700 acres in the vicinity of Madison, N. J., has decided to close it for an indefinite period. The greater part of the land where the farm buildings stand was a swamp when Mr. Twombly bought it. He has ditched the place thoroughly, and it is now one of the finest farms in New Jersey. The stable is furnished with electric lights throughout, and has accommodations for 200 horses.

Astor Distances the Queen.

William Waldorf Astor has contributed $10,000 to the Indian Famine Fund opened a few days ago in London, which now reaches $210,000. Mr. Astor's is the largest subscription yet made, and it is not likely to be equalled. At its side the Queen's contribution of $2500 seems small.

Chicago's Bad Water.

Chicago's drinking water from the lake is so bad that the Board of Health has threatened to cut it off from the public schools if the Board of Education does not quickly take measures to filter or purify it.

Ten Thousand for a Kiss.

Emma May Bradish, of Scranton, Penn., has sued Sanford Grant, son of a banker, for $10,000 damages for having kissed her.

Cycling Notes.

The year 1896 was a great season for bicycle inventors.

Gear cases are meeting with a small but growing demand.

One of the developments in bicycling is the increasing popularity of tandems.

In London a depot has been established for the repairing of motor vehicles.

New York tailors do not now complain about the bicycle as injuring their business, for the making of bicycle clothes has become an industry in itself.

The Paris exposition is to witness the crowning triumph of the bicycle. It will be in the form of a bicycle palace, one which every wheelman who sees it will regard as marking the most important recognition that the cycle ever received.

With the larger sprockets that are coming into use there is a movement in the direction of using longer cranks. Instead of six and one-half inches, which has been the customary length, many riders are providing themselves with seven-inch cranks.

The wheelmen of Baltimore are up in arms over the recent bicycle ordinance passed by the Park Board of that city. They particularly object to coasting being forbidden, and also claim that horse vehicles as well as bicycles in the park after dark should be compelled to carry lights.

PRETENDER TO HAWAII'S THRONE.

The Princess Kaiulani is Sojourning in the Island of Jersey.

Princess Kaiulani, who would some day be the Queen of the Sandwich Islands if the republicans over there would not insist on governing themselves, is now living in the Island of Jersey, and is grown up to be a very beautiful young woman. Every letter

PRINCESS KAIULANI.

of the name has its value—as is the rule with all Kanakan words—and as the vowels are given the continental pronunciation the Princess' name when correctly spoken is rendered as if it were spelled "Kah-ee-oo-lahnee." This young lady has many charms of person and mind. She is the daughter of the Princess Liki-Liki, who was the sister of Lilinokalani and of the late King Kalakaua. The Princess Liki-Liki is dead, and her daughter is therefore the heir apparent to the throne at Honolulu which was broken up by the revolutionists a few years ago. Her father, Mr. Cleghorn, an Englishman, whose home is in the charming little island of Jersey, near England, was once a resident in the beautiful islands of the Pacific and loved and married Liki-Liki. Hence, the young Princess is not a full-blooded Kanaka, but she possesses enough of the color and features of that race to make her much more interesting than a mere white Princess. While she was in America Kaiulani was the recipient of many public honors. Ex-Queen Lil is now on a visit to her friends and relations in Boston.

LAURIER REFUSES KNIGHTHOOD.

Favors Canadian Independence and Declines Gifts from the Queen.

British papers have been expressing surprise that the name of Hon. Wilfred Laurier, Prime Minister of Canada, did not appear among those knighted by Queen Victoria at the close of the year.

At Washington the reason why the Prime Minister was not knighted is well understood. Much political interest attaches to it. Mr. Laurier was offered knighthood at the close

HON. WILFRED LAURIER.
(The Canadian Premier.)

of the year and declined it. He did so with a clearly defined purpose. The head of the Liberal party of Canada is looking forward to the time, which he believes is not far distant, when Canada will, in a dignified way, ask her independence of Great Britain. He contemplates no war; no violent repudiation of the colonial allegiance, but a peaceful separation.

ALFARO ELECTED PRESIDENT.

The National Election in Ecuador Results in the Selection of the General.

The correspondent of the New York Herald in Guayaquil states in a telegram just received that the general elections took place a few days ago in Ecuador. The govern-

GENERAL ELOY ALFARO.
(Elected President of Ecuador.)

ment at Quito says that General Eloy Alfaro was elected Constitutional President. Manuel Benigo Cueva was elected Vice-President.

London's Homeless Women.

General Booth, of the Salvation Army, says there are 5000 homeless women in London above the age of fifty years. They subsist by cleaning doorsteps, selling watercresses, picking rags and collecting refuse, and find shelter at night where they can. The Army hopes to open a home for them in the West End.

West Pointers to Parade.

The cadets at West Point have been ordered to attend the Presidential inauguration ceremonies. The cadets have not participated in inaugural ceremonies since President Grant's second inauguration.

Prominent People.

Major McKinley will be the third Methodist President.

The Duke of Fife is credited with a private income of $400,000 a year.

Senator Wolcott has arrived in London on his mission in behalf of international bimetallism.

Lord Salisbury turns the scale at 252 pounds. Mr. Gladstone, on the other hand, weighs less than 117 pounds.

Andrew E. Lee, the recently elected Governor of South Dakota, owns more land than any other resident of the State.

Eugene Zimmerman, the well-known caricaturist, who signs his sketches "Zim," is a Swiss by birth, and started his career as a sign painter.

Achilles Errani, an aged music teacher of New York City, who numbered among his pupils years ago Minnie Hauk and Emma Thursby, is dead.

Stanley will visit the Belgian possessions on the Congo next spring in company with King Leopold. They will supervise the opening of the railroad between Matavoi and Leopoldville.

There is but one monarch of Europe who can show the scar of a wound received in war. It is King Humbert, of Italy, who received a severe saber cut at the battle of Custozza.

The Prince of Wales says that the most fitting plan for the celebration of the Queen's sixtieth anniversary as a ruler will embrace schemes of mercy for the poor and suffering in her dominion.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

MILK AND CREAM.

The average price paid for the surplus on the platforms has been $1.45 a can of 40 quarts. Receipts of milk and cream at the different railroad distributing points in and near the city for the week have been as follows:

Average daily receipts of the week, fluid milk, cans	20,730
Condensed milk, cans	164
Cream, cans	421

BUTTER.

Creamery—Western Extras, ₱	—	@	20
Firsts	18	@	19
Thirds to seconds	13	@	17
State—Seconds to first	12	@	16
Welsh tubs—Fancy	—	@	—
Western Im. Creamery	11	@	15
State Dairy	12	@	14
Factory, fresh, extras	13	@	14

CHEESE.

State—Fullcream, white, fancy	—	@	11
Full cream, good to prime	10	@	10¼
Common to fair	7¼	@	9½
Part skims, good to prime	7	@	8
Full skims	2½	@	3

EGGS.

State & Penn—Fresh	18	@	18½
Jersey—Fancy	—	@	20
Western—Prime to choice	—	@	17
Southern—Best	—	@	16
Duck eggs, ₱ doz	—	@	—

BEANS AND PEAS.

Beans—Marrow, choice	—	@	1 17½
Medium, choice	1 05	@	1 07½
Pea, choice	—	@	97½
Red kidney, choice	1 32½	@	1 35
White kidney, choice	1 45	@	1 50
Yellow eye	1 15	@	1 20
Lima, Cal., ₱ 60 lbs	—	@	1 35
Green peas, bags	—	@	70

FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.

Cranberries, Cape Cod, ₱ bbl.	1 00	@	5 50
Jersey, fair to fancy	2 50	@	4 00
Apples, Baldwin, ₱ bbl	1 12	@	1 37
Northern Spy, State	1 25	@	1 50
Greening, ₱ bbl	50	@	1 37
Spitzenburg, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	2 00
Grapes, Catawba, ₱ basket	10	@	12
Concord, ₱ basket	9	@	10

HOPS.

State—1896, choice, ₱ lb	13	@	13½
1896, good to prime	11	@	12
Pacific Coast, 1896, choice	13	@	13½
Good to prime	11½	@	12½
Old odds, 1894	3	@	5

VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, State, ₱ bbl	80	@	1 00
L. I., ₱ bbl	1 37	@	1 50
Sweet, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	1 75
Cabbage, ₱ 100	3 00	@	4 00
Onions, Eastern white, ₱ bbl.	4 00	@	6 00
Red, ₱ bbl	3 25	@	3 50
Squash, white, ₱ cask	50	@	1 00
Celery, ₱ doz. stalks	10	@	40
Carrots, ₱ bbl	60	@	75
Turnips, Jersey & L. I., ₱ bbl	50	@	75
Green peas, Fla., ₱ crate	1 50	@	3 00
Egg plant, Fla., ₱ half bbl	1 00	@	2 00
Cucumbers, Fla., ₱ crate	2 00	@	5 00
Brussels sprouts, ₱ qt	5	@	8
String beans, Fla., ₱ crate	1 50	@	2 50
Cauliflower, ₱ bbl	2 00	@	5 00
Pumpkins, ₱ 100	—	@	—
Lettuce, Eastern, ₱ doz	25	@	62
Beets, Fla., ₱ crate	50	@	75
Spinach, Norfolk, ₱ bbl	40	@	1 00

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay—Prime, ₱ 100 lb	80	@	85½
Clover mixed	60	@	65
Straw—Long rye	90	@	1 00
Short rye	50	@	65
Oat	37½	@	40

LIVE POULTRY.

Fowls, ₱ lb	9	@	9½
Chickens, ₱ lb	7	@	7½
Roosters, ₱ lb	—	@	5
Turkeys, ₱ lb	8	@	9
Ducks, local, ₱ pair	70	@	1 00
Geese, local, ₱ pair	1 50	@	2 00
Pigeons, ₱ pair	15	@	20

DRESSED POULTRY.

Turkeys, ₱ lb	9	@	13
Chickens, Phila., ₱ lb	10	@	13
Broilers, nearby, ₱ lb	8½	@	9
Fowls, State & Penn. ₱ lb	8½	@	9
Western ducks, ₱ lb	8	@	14
Geese, Western, ₱ lb	6	@	9
Squabs, ₱ doz	2 00	@	2 50

GRAIN, ETC.

Flour—City Patents	5 20	@	5 45
Spring Patents	4 50	@	4 90
Wheat—No. 2 Red	—	@	98¼
May	—	@	87½
Corn—No. 2	—	@	29¼
Oats—No. 3 White	—	@	22
Ungraded White	20	@	30
Rye—State	43	@	44
Barley—Feeding	—	@	29
Lard—City steam	3.72c	@	3.80c

LIVE STOCK.

Beeves, city dressed	6½	@	8½
Milch cows, com. to good	—	@	—
Calves, city dressed	8	@	11½
Country dressed	7	@	10
Sheep, ₱ 100 lbs	3 60	@	4 37½
Lambs, ₱ 100 lbs	5 40	@	5 40
Hogs—Live, ₱ 100 lbs	3 50	@	3 90
Country Dressed	4	@	6½

KILLED BY AN EXPLOSION.

Buildings of the Columbia Powder Company Near Pittsburg Blow Up.

The tankhouse of the Columbia Powder Company, situated in a hollow one-half mile back from the Ohio River, and midway between the boroughs of Shousetown and Shanopin in Pennsylvania, blew up. Five minutes later the store-room, in which was stored a large quantity of explosive material, was also shattered by a terrific explosion.

The killed were: L. E. Stackney, proprietor of the works, aged forty years, of Coraopolis. Peter McCloskey, aged thirty-eight years, single, of Shanopin. Rose Inman, aged twenty years, Coraopolis. Mattie Inman, aged fourteen years, Coraopolis. Walter Crane, aged thirty-two years, married, of Shanopin, was terribly injured, but may recover. By almost superhuman effort the flames were controlled before the glycerine magazine ignited, and a more serious catastrophe was averted. All of the killed and injured were employes of the company.

The factory, with the exception of the glycerine magazine, was totally destroyed. The homes of Irwin, Porter, Houghton's barn, Hart's house, and some outbuildings were burned.

VAST MONKEY FARM IN FLORIDA.

Jersey Man Cures Their Meat for Epicures and Dyspeptics.

A successful monkey farm has been established in the Florida Everglades by W. W. Jacobus, of Brick Church, N. J., who has succeeded in raising a breed of monkeys whose meat, when properly dressed, is found to be most beneficial for epicures and dyspeptics. Mr. Jacobus and his partners in the enterprise, Andrew Craig, capitalist, of Philadelphia, Penn., and Captain Rew and G. R. Schultz, of Punta Rasa, Fla., have devoted a large portion of the last year to putting the monkey farm in a paying condition, and are now about to market a large output of meat.

Four Children Drowned.

Four children were drowned in St. Louis, Mo., while skating. At Kossuth avenue and Ashland place, a crowd of children were skating on the ice in an old quarry. The ice gave way and the children were precipitated into the water and drowned before help could reach them. They were: Amanda Arnold, aged fifteen; Arthur Arnold, thirteen; George Matthews, nine; Sadie Matthews, fourteen.

New York's Citizen Soldiery.

New York's National Guard numbers 13,423 men, of whom 12,110 are infantry.

Newsy Gleanings.

Japan has one trolley line.

France has 2150 female authors.

Russia is first in flax production.

North Carolina has 1824 distilleries.

New Zealand now excludes Chinese.

Michigan has a State mining school.

England has 85,818 available seamen.

South Dakota has 181 cheese factories.

San Francisco has a Japanese physician.

Mexico is introducing the metric system.

Hamburg, Germany, has 10,000 telephones.

Northern Maine mail carriers go on skates.

At Painesville, Ohio, milk is three cents a quart.

Washington has an arid land commissioner.

Emperor William's palace employes 500 housemaids.

St. Louis is the largest tobacco manufacturing centre.

California's mustard crop amounts to 16,000,000 pounds.

Chicago North Side householders have begun to get ninety-cent gas.

A company of Spokane (Wash.) citizens is organizing to emigrate to Siberia.

A colony of Berrien County (Michigan) farmers will emigrate to Texas in the spring.

Boston will abrogate its printing contracts and establish a municipal plant. A State plant is now wanted by the typographical union.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

The nomination of David R. Francis, of Missouri, to be Secretary of the Interior was called up in the executive session of the Senate and after a short speech by Mr. Vest (Dem., Mo.) the case went over without action.

H. A. Du Pont filed in the Senate, through Senator Chandler, a petition to have his claim to a seat in the Senate as Senator from Delaware, reopened. The petition was referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

It is the intention of the Government to bring foreclosure proceedings against the Pacific railroads. It is expected that suit will be brought within the next thirty days.

The nomination of David R. Francis to be Secretary of the Interior was favorably acted upon by the Committee on Finance and reported to the Senate. At the request of Senator Vest the nomination has been held up in committee ever since the beginning of the session.

The Senate adopted resolutions authorizing the construction of a Government building at the Tennessee Centennial exposition.

Negotiations have been practically completed between this Government and Chile for a rehabilitation of the Chilean Claims Commission.

Domestic.

The Seattle (Wash.) Savings Bank failed to open its doors, and when the Superior Court convened H. O. Suey was appointed receiver. The liabilities are $70,000 and the assets more than $150,000. It is understood that the direct cause of the bank closing is due to the attempted withdrawal of county funds, as the County Treasurer requested that the amount due be paid in cash.

At Sacramento both Houses of the California Legislature met in joint session and cast the formal ballot electing George C. Perkins United States Senator.

At Madison, Wis., the Republican Legislative caucus named John C. Spooner for the United States Senate.

At Oswego, N. Y., a jury in Justice Wright's Trial Term of the Supreme Court, returned a verdict for $15,000 against the New York, Ontario and Western Railway Company in a suit brought by Emma Cooper for $25,000 damages. Mr. Cooper's husband was a fireman employed on the road. In August, 1895 he was killed near Bernhard's Bay, N. Y.

Senator Cantor introduced in the Senate at Albany, N. Y., his bill reducing the price of gas in New York City to $1 per 1000 feet, fixing its minimum candle-power at 24, and providing penalties for infractions.

The Rev. Dr. Charles Cuthbert Hall, of Brooklyn, was nominated for President of the Union Theological Seminary, to succeed the Rev. Dr. Thomas S. Hastings, who resigned on account of ill-health.

The National Monetary Convention at Indianapolis, Ind., declared for maintenance of the gold standard and created a permanent Executive Committee to urge upon Congress next March the creation of a monetary commission, and, failing in that, to name a commission itself.

The Republican joint legislative caucus was held at Concord, N. H. James O. Lyford nominated Jacob H. Gallinger, of Concord, as United States Senator for six years, to succeed himself, and he was nominated unanimously.

The United States cruiser Montgomery was damaged by striking an obstruction off Castle William, Governor's Island, New York harbor.

The first prize of $200 for the best design for mural decorations at the Cincinnati (Ohio) City Hall was awarded to Otto W. Beck, of Cincinnati, and the second prize of $100 went to F. N. Sheefer, of Philadelphia.

About 1500 saloon keepers in Chicago are to be arrested for failure to make the last payment on their year's license, which has been due since January 10.

The policemen of Asbury Park, N. J., have been instructed to arrest all persons who may be found drunk on the streets of that town.

Mayor Strong, in his annual message, dealt almost entirely with the city's financial condition, showing New York's credit to be of the best.

New Yorkers rejoice over the signing of the Anglo-American arbitration treaty. The opinion of many representative citizens prevails that the treaty is the beginning of continuous peace, and that it may result in the adoption of arbitration by all civilized Nations. Many are in favor of celebrating the ratification of the treaty in some fitting manner.

There was a rush of place hunters and others to Canton, Ohio, to see Major McKinley.

George C. Perkins was re-elected United States Senator from California.

Thirty cadets were discharged from the Military Academy, at West Point, because of deficiency in the January mental examinations.

John Warria killed his brother, David, in the presence of and at the request of the latter's bride, in a duel near Crawfordville, Fla.

The General Trust Company has been incorporated in Illinois, with a capital of $5,000,000. Its object is to carry on a general banking business in Chicago.

Mrs. Hattie F. McCloud, of Shelbourne Falls, Mass., was murdered on a lonely road, probably by tramps.

Carnegie and Westinghouse employes formed a $2,000,000 co-operative stock company to establish an iron and steel plant on Puget Sound, Washington.

At Bryn Mawr, Penn., the Postoffice, which is in the railroad station, was robbed of $2000 in cash and $75 worth of stamps. The work was done by some one familiar with the office, as the combination was worked and the safe opened in the regular way.

At Bismarck in the Republican caucus participated in by all the Republicans of the Legislative Assembly, Senator Hansbrough was nominated as the party candidate for reelection to the United States Senate from North Dakota. The nomination was practically unanimous. This action has been expected since the call for a caucus was made by the Republican Committee.

J. F. Costello, who disappeared from Binghamton, N. Y., several years ago and has been mourned as dead, was found in an Indiana jail.

At Brooksville, Ky., Robert Laughlin was hanged. On February 24, 1896, Laughlin, a tenant and farm laborer, assaulted his niece, then murdered her and his wife and fired the house. He confessed.

At Canton, Ohio, President-elect McKinley promised a colored committee to devote a part of his first message to the subject of Southern lynchings.

Foreign Notes.

A Chinese mob attacked an American Methodist mission station in China and several shots were fired, but nobody was injured. The local officials defended the mission.

M. Shinkin, chief assistant to the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, has been appointed a member of the Council of the Empire. The nomination of Count Muravioff as Minister of Foreign Affairs has created surprise. He is in favor of a pacific policy and is a favorite of the Dowager Empress. He is pronounced anti-German and a great admirer of the French.

The wheat crop of Australasia has fallen very short. America will have to make up the deficiency for the world this year.

The census of Chile just completed, shows a population of 2,712,445, an increase in ten years of 184,825. The increase in the previous decade was 457,349. The diminution in growth of population is attributed to the migration of miners to Argentina.

The Beattie Block, in which the Queens Hotel is located, and which is the largest and best block in Wallaceburg, Canada, was burned. Two hotel guests, Albert Ughle, a glass tank builder, of Cicero, Ind., and Andrew Bard glass blower, lost their lives. Mrs. Collison, the cook at the hotel, was seriously burned. The total loss is $60,000.

A despatch from Manila says that Captain-General Polavieja has issued a proclamation offering conditional amnesty to the Philippine insurgents.

The Indians of British Columbia threaten to uprise because the Government has decided to put an end to the custom of "potlaches."

Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the British Colonies, has asked the Lord Mayor of London to open a fund for the relief of the sufferers in Montserrat.

A large dinner in celebration of the transmission of electrical power from Niagara Falls to Buffalo was held in Buffalo, N. Y.

The story of the massacre of the members of the British Benin expedition is confirmed. All the whites and 243 native carriers were killed, and but seven Kroomen escaped. Great Britain is to send an expedition to punish the murderers.

Recorder Hall practically ordered the Grand Jury of the Central Criminal Court in London to indict Ivory, the American dynamiter. His charge was emphatically against the prisoner.

The Cubans defeated the Spaniards in Pinar del Rio, thus disproving General Weyler's statement that the province had been pacified. The anti-Weyler feeling in Havana is growing.

THIRTY YEARS AN INVALID.

BRONCHIAL CATARRH, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLE.

Mrs. Safford, of Canton, New York, Wife of George Safford, the Well-known Apostle of Fish Protection, Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

From the Plaindealer, Canton, N. Y.

There is no man better known in St. Lawrence County, New York, than Mr. George Safford, of Canton, from the interest he has taken in fish culture and preservation, and from his lately issued work entitled, "Man, Present and Future," which has attracted such wide attention.

But it is not of him, but Mrs. Safford that this article is written, and her sudden recovery to a condition of excellent health after thirty years of suffering with bronchial catarrh and liver complaint.

During all those long dreary years Mrs. Safford was a hopeless invalid, and never expected to enjoy any health, as physicians and remedies had proved a like vain, and it was not until 1895 when, by the joint recommendation of Mrs. William Orr, of Malone, N. Y., and Mrs. James Bird, of Canton, the lady began to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

We print Mr. Safford's affidavit, which details in full all the circumstances of Mrs. Safford's recovery:

ST. LAWRENCE COUNTY, ss.

George Safford being duly sworn says: "For upward of thirty years prior to 1895 my wife had been ailing. While not confined to her bed her health was very poor. She had but little appetite, the circulation of her blood was very poor, and she had the other symptoms attendant upon a disordered condition of the liver, but in her case this liver difficulty was complicated with catarrh of the bronchial tubes. She used various remedies without any permanent relief. In the fall of 1895 she was recommended to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills by Mrs. William Orr, of Malone, New York, and Mrs. James Bird, of Canton. Believing that a remedy recommended so highly must possess some merit, she commenced the use of the Pink Pills, and experienced immediate relief. I wish to state here that no other remedy used by her showed as quick results, or produced any permanent change in her condition. The Pink Pills seemed to fill the long felt want. Whenever the old feelings begin to be experienced my wife takes a dose of the Pink Pills and all is well again. From what I have seen them accomplish for her, I have become a firm believer in the efficacy of the pills, and while my health has never required me to use them, I feel that a supply of the pills is a necessity in the household. I have nothing but praise for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and believing that suffering humanity ought to know what they will do, and actuated by no other motive, I have made this statement.

(Signed) "GEORGE SAFFORD."

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 15th day of September, 1896.

GEO. H. BOWERS, *Notary Public.*

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood, and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or sickness or excesses of any nature. Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose bulk) at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Food in the Arctic.

The number of birds that go to the Arctic regions to breed is "vast beyond conception." They go not by thousands, but by millions, to rear their young on the tundra. The cause which attracts them is because nowhere in the world does nature provide at the same time and in the same place "such a lavish prodigality of food." That the barren swamp of the tundra should yield a food supply so great as to tempt birds to make journeys of thousands of miles to rear their young in a land of plenty, only to be found beyond the Arctic circle, seems incredible. The vegetation consists of cranberry, cloudberry and crowberry bushes. Forced by the perpetual sunshine of the Arctic summer these bear enormous crops of fruit. But the crop is not ripe until the middle and end of the Arctic summer, and if the fruit-eating birds had to wait until it was ripe they would starve, for they arrive on the very day of the melting of the snow. But each year the snow descends on its immense crop of ripe fruit before the birds have time to gather it. It is then preserved beneath the snow, perfectly fresh and pure, and the melting of the snow discloses the bushes with the unconsumed last year's crop hanging on them, or lying, ready to be eaten, on the ground. The frozen meal stretches across the breadth of Asia. It never decays and is accessible the moment the snow melts. Ages have taught the birds that they have only to fly to the Arctic circle to find such a store of "crystalized foods" as will last them till the bushes are once more forced into bearing by the perpetual sunlight. The same beat which frees the fruit brings into being the most prolific insect life in the world; the mosquito swarms on the tundra. No European can live there without a veil after the snow melts; the gun barrels are black with them, and the cloud often obscures the sight. Thus the insect-eating birds have only to open their mouths to fill them with mosquitoes, and the presence of swarms of tender warblers, of cliff chaffs, pipis and wagtails in this Arctic region is accounted for.—New York Evangelist.

House Wrens.

House wrens, as the name suggests, delight to dwell in the vicinity of mankind. If suitable boxes, gourds or hollow receptacles of any kind are provided, they will enter at once into possession, and will repay the appreciative friends with their sweet, tinkling little songs. They are very bold, and will readily attack birds much larger than themselves, as the blue birds and swallows; and will